NERVE AGENT TREATMENT

- ➤ Only specially trained ALS personnel may administer nerve agent antidote medications to patients. (See page 163 for auto-injector procedure)
- ▶ Nerve agent antidote medications are only given if the patient is showing signs and symptoms of nerve agent poisoning. THEY ARE NOT TO BE GIVEN PROPHYLACTICALLY
- ► This policy is to be used in conjunction with page 159 (HazMat)

Exposure

► Note: A decrease in bronchospasm and respiratory secretions are the best indicators of a positive response to atropine and 2-PAM therapy

Signs and Symptoms of Nerve Agent Exposure

(from mild to severe)

Signs & Symptoms

▶ Drowsiness▶ Coma▶ Convulsions▶ Apnea

Dunexplained runny nose ➤ Tightness in the chest ➤ Difficulty breathing ➤ Bronchospasm ➤ Pinpoint pupils resulting in blurred vision ➤ Drooling ➤ Excessive sweating ➤ Nausea and/or vomiting ➤ Abdominal cramps ➤ Involuntary urination and/or defecation ➤ Jerking, twitching and staggering ➤ Headache

MNEMONIC FOR NERVE AGENT EXPOSURE			
Muscarinic Effects:		Nicotinic Effects:	
D	iarrhea	М	ydriasis
U	rination	Т	achycardia
M	iosis	w	eakness
В	radycaria, bronchorrhea	н	ypertension
E	mesis	F	asciculations
L	acrimation		
S	alivation		

NERVE AGENT TREATMENT

