## SUBMERSION

## Pediatric Routine Medical Care

- •Contact the Base Physician if patient is also showing signs of pulmonary edema before moving to the appropriate policy
- Consider CPAP (see CPAP page 123 for indications)
- Consider spinal precautions prior to extrication if possibility of neck trauma. Otherwise place the patient on his/ her side to protect the airway and prevent aspiration; be prepared to suction
- •Rapid extrication from water
- •Note: If hypothermia is suspected and the patient is in ventricular fibrillation, rewarming is essential. Remove wet clothing, wrap in warm blankets and place in warm ambulance
- Initiate rapid transport to the closest most appropriate receiving hospital

