## CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY



# Investment in Mental Health Wellness Grant Program Application

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## INVESTMENT IN MENTAL HEALTH WELLNESS GRANT PROGRAM

#### Form-1: SUMMARY INFORMATION Please type all responses.

Total Requested Grant Amount: \$	2,477,049.68	Date Submitted: March 8, 2016						
DESIGNATED LEAD GRANT	'EE							
1. APPLICANT INFORMATION								
NAME OF APPLICANT:       ENTITY TYPE: (County or Joint Powers Authority)         Alameda County Behavioral Health Care Services       County								
Address:	in Care Services	County CITY, STATE AND ZIP:						
2000 Embarcadero Cove, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor		Oakland, CA 94606						
CONTACT INFORMATION								
FIRST AND LAST NAME:								
Manuel Jimenez		Director CITY, STATE AND ZIP:						
2000 Embarcadero Cove, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor		Oakland, CA 94606						
PHONE NUMBER:	FAX NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS:						
(510) 567-8100	(510) 567-8130	mjimenez@acbhcs.org						
Project Title: South County CSU and	d CRT							
		): Development of co-located CSU and CRT in hort-term alternatives to PES and hospitalization.						
County(ies) to be served:	County(ies) to be served: Alameda							
Please select all programs to be fund proposed Project:	ded with Grant, and	d insert number of beds and/ or teams to be added by the						
Crisis Residential Treatment	🔀 Crisis Stabiliza	zation Difference Mobile Crisis Support Teams						
<b>16</b> beds	<u>16</u> beds	team(s)						
Amount Requested	Amount Requested	Capital Amount Requested Personnel Amount Requested						
\$ <u>1,082,077.06</u>	\$ <u>1,394,972.62</u>	\$\$						
Purpose of Grant: Check all applicable boxes								

Purchase of real property	Construction or renovation
Furnishings or Equipment	Information technology

Program startup or expansion costs
 Mobile Crisis Support Team personnel funding

#### Form-2: ADDITIONAL APPLICANTS AND SERVICE PROVIDERS Please fill out additional Applicants

and service provider(s) contact information. Please use space as needed. Copy page if more space is needed.

1. CO-APPLICANT INFO	DRMATION	
NAME OF APPLICANT:		ENTITY TYPE: (County or Joint Powers Authority)
Not applicable		
ADDRESS:		CITY, STATE AND ZIP:
CO-APPLICANT CONTA	CT INFORMATION	
FIRST AND LAST NAME:		TITLE:
ADDRESS:		CITY, STATE AND ZIP:
PHONE NUMBER:	FAX NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS:
FROME NOMBER.		EMAL ADDRESS.
2. CO-APPLICANT INFO	)RMATION	
NAME OF APPLICANT:		ENTITY TYPE: (County or Joint Powers Authority)
ADDRESS:		CITY, STATE AND ZIP:
ADDRESS:		CIT, STATE AND ZIP:
CO-APPLICANT CONTA	CT INFORMATION	
FIRST AND LAST NAME:		TITLE:
ADDRESS:		CITY, STATE AND ZIP:
PHONE NUMBER:	FAX NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS:
Service Providers:		
		_
	DELIVER SERVICES (IF KNOWN	
NAME OF ORGANIZATION:		ENTITY TYPE:
To Be Determined		
ADDRESS:		CITY, STATE AND ZIP:
CONTACT INFORMATI	ON	
FIRST AND LAST NAME:		TITLE:
PHONE NUMBER:	FAX NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS:
		Department of Social Services and in substantial compliance as
defined in Section 80001 of	Title 22 of the California Code of Reg	guiauons.
2. ORGANIZATION TO	DELIVER SERVICES (IF KNOWN	)
NAME OF ORGANIZATION:		ENTITY TYPE:
ADDRESS:		CITY, STATE AND ZIP:
CONTACT INFORMATI	ON	•
FIRST AND LAST NAME:		TITLE:
PHONE NUMBER:	FAX NUMBER	EMAIL ADDRESS:

YES NO NA Currently licensed by the California Department of Social Services and in substantial compliance as defined in Section 80001 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations.

#### Form-3: SUMMARY OF FUNDING REQUESTED

<b>REQUESTED FUNDING BY PROGRAM</b>	
Crisis Residential Treatment Program	
ELIGIBLE COSTS	AMOUNT
Purchase of Real Property (how many properties? 1)	\$ 330,388.00
Construction or Renovation	\$ 330,388.00
Furnishings or Equipment	\$ 60,000.00
Information Technology*	\$ 6,000.00
Program Startup or Expansion Costs (up to three months)	\$ 355,301.06
SUB-TOTAL	\$ 1,082,077.06
Crisis Stabilization Program	
ELIGIBLE COSTS	AMOUNT
Purchase of Real Property (how many properties? 1)	\$ 330,338.00
Construction or Renovation	\$ 330,338.00
Furnishings or Equipment	\$ 60,000.00
Information Technology*	\$ 9,000.00
Program Startup or Expansion Costs (up to three months)	\$ 665,296.62
SUB-TOTAL	\$ 1,394,972.62
Mobile Crisis Support Team Program	
ELIGIBLE COSTS	AMOUNT
Purchase of vehicles (how many vehicles? )**	\$ 0.00
Furnishings or Equipment	\$ 0.00
Information Technology*	\$ 0.00
Program Startup or Expansion Costs (up to three months)	\$ 0.00
Personnel Funding for 1 year (how many FTEs? )	\$ 0.00
SUB-TOTAL	\$ 0.00
<b>Total Requested Grant Amount</b>	\$ 2,477,049.68

\* Information Technology hardware and software costs may not exceed 1% of total Project costs except when approved by Authority and only upon submission of justification in Application narrative (evaluation criteria 4(b)(i)) that the additional information technology costs are necessary for the Project to achieve the desired goals and outcomes set forth in Section 7119 of the regulations.

\*\*May include two-year maintenance contracts, if any.

#### Form-4: COUNTY GRANT AMOUNTS WORKSHEET

## **COUNTY GRANT AMOUNTS WORKSHEET**

*Complete the worksheet below for each County listed as an Applicant and Co-Applicant(s) on Form-1 and Form-2.* 

Applicants may apply for Capital and Personnel Funding as set forth in Section 7118 of the regulations. Counties Applying Jointly, may at their discretion, apply for up to the sum of their respective maximum Capital Funding and Personnel Funding amounts, as applicable.

COUNTY NAME	-	CAPITAL FUNDING REQUESTED				TOTAL REQUESTED (Capital + Personnel)
Alameda County	\$	2,477,049.68	\$	0.00	\$ 2,477,049.68	
	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	
	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	
	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	
	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	
	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	
	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	
	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	
TOTALS	\$	\$2,477,049.68	\$	\$ 0.00	\$ 2,477,049.68	

#### **Additional Funding**

If the Legislature makes additional funds available would you request additional funding? If so, how much \$\_6,000,000.00

Brief description of the Project that additional funding would be used for. Another Application may be required.

Alameda County would like to locate an additional co-located CSU and CRT in mid-County to ensure that Alameda County residents have access to appropriate crisis services and supports, including alternatives to PES and hospitalization, in the communities in which they live.

#### Form-5: SOURCES AND USES

Please include sources and uses to complete the entire Project and sustain the Program(s) for 1 year.

#### **Sources of Funds:**

Total requested Grant amount	\$	2,477,049.68	( <b>!Zero</b> )
Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) funds	\$	2,324,547.63	( <u>!Zero</u> )
Realignment funds	\$	774,749.21	( <b>!Zero</b> ) <b>Divide</b> 8. 0%
Medi-Cal, Federal Financial Participation Other sources, list (i.e. bank loan*, other grants)	Ψ\$	4,193,301.60	( <u>43.0%</u> )
Other sources, list (i.e. bank loan <sup>+</sup> , other grants)	\$	0.00	IZero
	\$	0.00	( <u> </u>
	\$	0.00	( <u> </u>
Total Sources	\$_	9,769,648.12	(
	_		Must equal 100%

\*If obtaining a bank loan, please name the bank and describe the length and rate of the loan.

#### **Uses of Funds:**

· · ·	\$ 0.00
Year 1 Operations and Administrative Costs	\$ 2,310,291.14
Year 1 Staffing	\$ 4,982,407.30
Other costs, list (i.e. operating costs, evaluation)	
Personnel funding (mobile crisis for 1 year)	\$ 0.00
Program start up or expansion costs (3 months)	\$ 1,020,597.68
Information technology hardware and software	\$ 15,000.00
Furnishings or equipment	\$ 120,000.00
Vehicles & vehicle maintenance contracts	\$ 0.00
Construction or renovation**	\$ 660,676.00
Purchase of real property	\$ 660,676.00

\*\*Grantees must comply with California's prevailing wage law under Labor Code section 1720, et seq. for public works projects. The Authority recommends Applicants consult with legal counsel.



## 1. Expanding Access/Capacity for Community-Based Mental Health Services

**New Proposed Programs, Services, and Target population(s):** Alameda County Behavioral Health Care Services (BHCS) proposes to expand crisis support services through the development of a new Crisis Stabilization Unit (CSU) to be co-located with a new Crisis Residential Treatment (CRT) program.

The new CSU and CRT programs will be co-located in the same facility in the South County Area of Alameda County. Capital funds will be required to: 1) purchase and renovate the property; 2) purchase furnishings, equipment, and IT hardware and software; and 3) cover initial start-up costs. Both the CSU and CRT will each provide 16 beds for individuals experiencing psychiatric crisis; the CSU will maintain the ability to receive 5150s in addition to voluntary admissions, and the CRT will serve those who are able to voluntarily engage as an alternative to hospitalization. Both programs will provide recovery-based services in a warm and welcoming environment that 1) promotes safety; and 2) encourages recovery, wellness, and resiliency; and 3) is responsive to the diverse needs of County residents. Both programs will also provide a range of ancillary and supportive services to assist each individual in resolving the crisis. By co-locating these facilities in an area of the county that does not currently have crisis stabilization or crisis residential services, individuals will have access to needed supports within their home communities. Further, the co-location of these crisis programs will provide seamless transition between levels of care.

Adult Crisis Program Services: BHCS is requesting funding to help BHCS develop new CRT and CSU facilities to serve the Southern Area of Alameda County. The new crisis stabilization unit will be a designated receiving 5150 facility with stays up to 23 hours, a treatment milieu, and capacity to provide assessments for individuals on 5150 holds. The new crisis residential facility will provide community-based, unlocked, voluntary psychiatric programs that will assist persons age 18 and over who struggle with Serious Mental Illness (SMI) to stabilize their mental health symptoms, develop effective self-reliance skills, and in essence, restore their sense of hope and purpose. Consumers will have access to a broad spectrum of services and activities, including individual and group therapy, education and training around medication management, substance recovery, healthy eating and fitness, mindfulness, art therapy, living skills, linkages to community support systems, self-advocacy training, aftercare planning, and counseling for their family members. At the same time, they will be able to remain in the community in which they live, having access to familiar neighborhoods, transportation, services and friends and family. The CSU program will also offer a crisis receiving capacity to assess the need for continuing 5150 holds, lifting holds as appropriate or transferring the patient to a psychiatric health facility.

Both programs will incorporate a variety of evidence based approaches including: Trauma Informed Care, Motivational Interviewing, Co-occurring Disorders Competence, Peer Support, and Culturally Responsivity, all of which are further detailed below.



#### Planned CSU and CRT Services:

*Comprehensive Assessment*: Both programs will offer a comprehensive assessment upon intake that will be completed by a mental health professional using a strengths-based approach to evaluating a consumer's history, previous treatment, current presentation, and circumstances for admission to the CSU and/or CRT. The assessment will include mental health, substance use, and physical health conditions as well as any experiences of trauma or other psychosocial needs. As part of the assessment process, the clinician will consider the consumer's current strengths and resources as well as identify current mental health needs and barriers to discharge. The CSU assessment will also include a medical screening conducted by a nurse upon intake to ensure that there are no medical conditions requiring attention or that may be influencing the individual's current presentation.

*Recovery and Discharge Planning:* In both programs, recovery and discharge planning will begin at the time of the assessment and continue on an intermittent basis during their stay. The assessment will result in an initial treatment plan and recovery goals co-created with staff and the consumer to set forth the consumer's needs and strengths as well as supports to be provided to ensure that the consumer achieves his/her goals during the stay as well as identifying and addressing the issues that led up to the crisis event. Initial and ongoing recovery and discharge planning will be grounded in the principles of shared decision-making and based in the partnership between program staff and the consumer.

*Medication Support:* Medication plays an important role in helping consumers address their mental health symptoms and reintegrate into the community. Crisis programs provide a safe place to introduce medications and/or make supervised medication adjustments, and the philosophy of these programs is "start low, go slow." Both programs will have access to a psychiatrist to support medication orders, adjustments, and administration. In the CSU, a nurse will be onsite at all times to receive orders from the doctor and administer medication, many of which will be kept onsite. In the CRT, a psychiatrist will be available to consumers and call in pharmacy orders. In the CRT, program staff will supervise the self-administration of medication to ensure that doctors' orders are being followed.

#### Recovery-oriented Psychosocial Rehabilitation:

Individual, group, and family focused treatment will be provided to all consumers. Treatment will be recovery-oriented and based on the principles of cognitive behavioral therapy to support each person to resolve the issues that led to the crisis event as well as increase their recognition and understanding of mental health symptoms they experience, develop alternative coping mechanisms, and identify services and supports to continue their recovery process post-discharge. Family and support persons, as defined by the individual, will only be included in the therapeutic process with the consumer's consent.

- Wellness Recovery Action Planning (WRAP) groups will be led by a peer and help consumers self-determine and identify wellness tools needed in a crisis, identify family and friends that are part of their current support system and how to leverage those relationships in a crisis, identify triggers and create a plan on how to address issues. One-on-one peer mentoring will be available for consumers who could use additional support and a role model.
- Trauma-informed supports will be made available throughout the treatment process. Recognizing the high rates of trauma for people with serious mental illness as well as the potential trauma experienced during emergency and crisis interventions, CSU and CRT staff will employ a trauma-informed approach throughout the program and incorporate specific trauma interventions, such as Seeking Safety, as appropriate.
- Community living and socialization skills will be developed through motivational interviewing and the installation of hope and social relationship/communication skills. Consumers will be encouraged to rebuild and maintain relationships with family members, support persons, and individuals within the community.

In the CRT specifically, the following additional services will be available:

- Co-occurring disorders treatment, such as Integrated Dual Disorders Treatment (IDDT), will be incorporated for individuals diagnosed with co-occurring disorders. Consumers will be encouraged to include family and support persons in their treatment planning, therapy, and discharge planning.
- Activities to enhance a consumer's daily living skills and overall wellness will be incorporated into the milieu. Consumers will have the opportunity to engage in a variety of physical fitness programs including yoga, alternative healing practices, walking, and other exercises to improve their physical and emotional well-being. Selecting a recipe, meal planning, and cooking dinners together will be a daily activity that consumers of the CRT will be involved with.

The Adult CRT will include assistance in gaining access to community services, benefits enrollment, and access to community resources pertaining to employment and housing.

**Target Population:** The identified 'target population' for both programs recognizes the geographical size of Alameda County and the challenges of accessing services that are currently centralized in mid-County, when you live in South County. Thus, the intent of providing CSU/CRT services in this specific area of the County identifies residents of South County as a 'target' population of the new services. South County includes residents of the cities of Hayward, Fremont, Union City, and Newark.

While the CRT will receive referrals from the CSU, the CRT will serve other adults, as well. The target population for the Adult CRT will specifically include individuals who are "stepping down" from PES and/or inpatient hospitalization and individuals who are "stepping up" from community services and do not yet meet 5150 criteria. In addition, the CRT will provide outreach and service



linkages to the re-entry population coming into the community from State prisons and the County Jail. Currently, the Re-entry population with serious mental illness has few alternatives as 'landing places' in the community upon discharge from Santa Rita Jail. Of the 4,128 individuals served by the County Mental Health Program while incarcerated last year, only 357 are open to mental health case management programs to which they may return upon release. Nearly one in eight (491) of those 4,128 adults with SMI were admitted to John George Psychiatric Emergency Services under provisions of an involuntary hold within 60 days of their release from jail.

To be served at the crisis residential treatment program, consumers must be willing to engage in the program on a voluntary basis, and collaborate with the recovery team during their stay.

**Community Need within Current Continuum**: Alameda County, on the east side of San Francisco Bay, is home to 1.5+ million people. It is the most racially and ethnically diverse of the nine Bay Area counties: 34% White, 28% Asian, 23% Latino, 13% African American, 4% Multi-race, 1% Pacific Islander, 1% Native American; 43% of the population speak a language other than English at home. Adults ages 18 to 64 make up 66% of the county population, more than 1 million individuals. Current prevalence rates of adults with serious mental illness for the greater Bay Area have been estimated to be 9% of the population, which for Alameda County equates to approximately 140,000 adults.<sup>1</sup> Due to factors such as poverty and homelessness within the county's population and the sizable presence of more-isolated cultural and linguistic groups, this number may be even higher.

Over the past several years, Alameda county has had major decreases in services available to vulnerable, "safety-net populations" living in poverty that are either enrolled in public programs like Medi-Cal or are uninsured. There have been a number of closures of shelters, halfway houses, and single room occupancy buildings. Rapidly rising housing costs have accelerated over the past several months, exacerbating homelessness and putting greater strains on marginal budgets. A recent report highlights that, although homelessness in Alameda County has declined in recent years, the number of homeless people with SMI has increased by 35% in just the past two years (from 818 in 2011 to 1,106 in 2013).<sup>2</sup> For individuals who struggle with serious mental illness, housing stressors can easily trigger an episode of crisis. Oakland and Berkeley are well-known epicenters of homelessness in the East Bay region.

Alameda County is home to about 5% of the State's population, yet accounts for about 12% of all reported crisis holds under Welfare & Institutions Code 5150. An examination of recent data revealed that there has been significant growth in the use of crisis programs over the past two years in Alameda County. In 2012, there were 11,524 admissions of adults to crisis programs in

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> California Health Care Foundation. California Health Care Almanac. Mental Health Care in California: Painting a Picture. www.chcf.org/~/media/MEDIA%20LIBRARY%20Files/PDF/M/PDF%20MentalHealthPaintingPicture.pdf
 <sup>2</sup> D. Oakley. "Huge Increase in Mentally III Homeless in Alameda County." Oakland Tribune. 11/14/13. http://www.contracostatimes.com/news/ci 24517676/huge-increase-mentally-ill-homeless-alameda-county



Alameda County. For 12 months ending June 30, 2015, that number had risen to 13,356 adult admissions to crisis services, a 16% increase in two years.

For the re-entry population with serious mental illness, records show that, while 491 were subjected to involuntary holds within sixty days of release from jail, these involuntary holds were experienced by over 400 of these re-entry consumers within the first 30 days, indicating a high rate of crisis events for recently-released inmates with serious mental illness.

A review of consumer admissions to the County's Psychiatric Emergency Services over the past twelve months also showed that approximately 1/3 of the admissions to that mid-County hospital facility came from the South County Area (4,182 of the total 12,716). The mid-County hospital facility for psychiatric services is characterized by serious overcrowding. Those South County residents might well have received more appropriate, home-like, care in a more local facility through a CSU located in South County.

While the community in which BHCS proposes to develop the proposed new CSU accounted for 33% of 5150 admissions to John George in 2014, there are currently no crisis stabilization programs or crisis residential facilities in this area. As a result, South County residents with SMI must leave their familiar surroundings to receive crisis services, sometimes traveling more than 1-2 hours by car, public transportation, or be transported by police or ambulance.

<u>Current continuum of services</u>: Alameda County has a broad continuum of mental health services from prevention and health promotion, to crisis and treatment, rehabilitation and recovery. Psychiatric crisis services include crisis response teams, emergency services, hospitals, and posthospitalization residential facilities. Individuals who pose an imminent threat to themselves or others receive short-term inpatient treatment at local hospitals. To avoid lengthy (and costly) stays in the inpatient unit, individuals who have stabilized may receive additional treatment through subacute residential facilities. The primary modalities and facilities are as follows:

*Crisis Response Program (CRP):* This program offers a participant-centered, goal-oriented process for assessing and addressing the needs of an individual for services. CRP staff offer an immediate therapeutic response to consumers who are exhibiting acute psychological distress and can be treated within a 23-hour period. Case managers assist consumers to establish goals and access services; review their accomplishments and outcomes; and identify and address barriers to completing goals. This program has offices in Oakland, Hayward, Fremont and Livermore, and one mobile team for the downtown area of Oakland, which responds to radio dispatches from the Oakland PD and calls from the community.

#### Services at Fairmont Hospital Campus, San Leandro:

*The Psychiatric Emergency Service (PES) at John George Psychiatric Pavilion* provides psychiatric evaluation, intervention, and referral for voluntary and involuntary patients 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. A multidisciplinary team of mental health professionals provides crisis



intervention and urgent medication assessments. An individual may stay in PES for up to 24 hours. After discharge, some individuals go home, some are referred to community mental health resources, and others are admitted to John George Psychiatric Hospital.

*John George Psychiatric Hospital* houses a total of 80 licensed inpatient beds. The inpatient services are geared to both involuntary and voluntary patients who have an acute psychiatric illness. Treatment modalities include medication, psychotherapy, milieu, group, occupational, and pet therapy, chaplain services, and community recovery support. All patients are referred to the appropriate level of care upon discharge; however, recidivism rates (see below) make it clear that consumers are not being linked to care in an effective manner.

*Villa Fairmont MHRC (Mental Health Rehabilitation Center)* is licensed for 99 beds. It serves adults ages 18-65 who have a history of serious and persistent mental illness with repeated hospitalizations. John George and other acute psychiatric hospitals are the primary source of referrals. Villa Fairmont's major service goals are symptom stabilization, engagement in recovery, and a rapid return to the community for persons recovering from an acute phase of illness. Services include evaluation, treatment, and rehabilitation, using consumer-centered service plans and a recovery philosophy. It is the primary psychiatric sub-acute facility for adults in Alameda County.

Jay Mahler Center, a Crisis Residential Treatment program, which opened its doors in 2015, largely as a result of support from the first round of CHFFA funding, is an unlocked, voluntary, 16-bed facility for lengths of stay not to exceed 30 days. Consumers have access to a broad spectrum of services and activities there, including individual and group therapy, education and training around medication management, substance recovery, healthy eating and fitness, mindfulness, art therapy, living skills and vocational skills training, linkages to community support systems, self-advocacy training, and services specific to Transition Age Youth.

*Woodroe Place,* a Crisis Residential Treatment program, in Hayward, provides short-term psychiatric services in a highly structured setting for seriously mentally ill adults who require 24-hour supervision. It can accommodate 12 individuals for 2-4 weeks each. All residents are admitted on a voluntary basis, by referral from inpatient psychiatric hospitals or community agencies. With staff assistance, each resident develops an individual plan for regaining stability. Since 2013, 3 beds at Woodroe have been designated for TAY ages 18-21 with full-scope Medi-Cal. They are the only TAY-dedicated crisis residential beds in Alameda County.

As reported above, despite the development of the alternatives to the hospital-based Psychiatric Emergency Service (John George Pavilion), the utilization of John George Psychiatric Emergency Services (PES) increased by more than 10% from 2014 to 2015. Again, nearly 1/3 of that John George utilization comes from the South County Area, for which this proposal supports new programs.

How project will increase capacity for community-based MH crisis services.



<u>Number of crisis treatment beds to be added.</u> BHCS proposes to increase the number of crisis treatment beds available by 32. The CSU will add an additional 16 beds, and the CRT will add an additional 16 beds.

<u>Impact on target population and additional individuals to be served.</u> Based on current data of length of stay at Villa Fairmont and Woodroe Place, we expect that the new Adult CRT will provide in excess of 700 stays per year. With what we know about recidivism, we can expect that the Adult CRT will probably serve about 400 unique individuals per year.

It is expected that the new CSU capacity will provide crisis stabilization services for up to 4,000 admissions per year at 65% average daily occupancy. Assuming historical rates of crisis recidivism, we expect at least 2,000 consumers to be served at the new CSU. Note that this is well under the utilization of John George last year by persons from this region of the County, but we expect that the factors contributing to demand for CSU services may be mitigated by patterns of historic referrals, police routines, and the nearby alternative of the Crisis Residential Treatment Program.

The new facility will dramatically increase the capacity of BHCS' crisis system to address the current unmet needs of adults who suffer from serious mental illness and their families. Adding these beds will provide the community with significant capacity for *voluntary* intensive psychiatric support and rehabilitation services in times of crisis and in their home communities. These services will assist residents to develop the skills to become self-sufficient and capable of increasing levels of independent functioning, thereby improving their quality of life and reducing recidivism to PES, John George Psychiatric Hospital, or the criminal justice system/county jail.

<u>How project will expand and improve timely access to services.</u> The proposed crisis services have the overall goal of expanding the availability of and improving timely access to needed community-based mental health services for people experiencing mental health crises. The 5150 receiving capacity of the CSU will provide for a more-immediate assessment of any need for continuing involuntary holds. In cases where the hold is lifted, CSU staff can immediately refer the consumer to the CRT, where the consumer can get immediate respite and/or information/counseling on available outpatient mental health services and other community resources much closer to the receiving facility than the County's psychiatric hospital.

The CRT staff, working in decentralized crisis programs, are going to be more familiar with resources in the consumers' own neighborhoods.

<u>Will hours of existing services be extended?</u> The two new proposed crisis programs will be open 24 hours a day, 7 days per week. The CSU will conduct intakes 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. The CRT will conduct intakes 7 days a week from 8:30 am to 7:00 pm. Once in operation, if consumer data show that additional intake hours are needed for the CRT, that program will be able to expand intake hours accordingly as they will be open and operating 24 hours/day.



Will there be additional locations where services can be accessed by consumers and their family members? The proposed crisis programs will be established in a new location in the southern part of Alameda County, a community in which populations experience disproportionate involvement with the county crisis system. Currently, our psychiatric emergency, hospital, and crisis residential programs (John George Psychiatric Pavillion, Jay Mahler Center and Woodroe Place) are located in the center of the county's urban corridor, within a few miles of each other. While these programs provide an essential resource, they fall far short of needed capacity for crisis residential services in the county and necessitate that consumers living in the south area of the county to leave their neighborhoods to receive treatment; away from their support systems, service providers and familiar surroundings, sometimes traveling 1-2 hours by car, bus, ambulance, or police car to receive crisis services. The locations of the new proposed crisis facility offering both a CSU and a CRT will help remediate this situation. Close to public transit, and situated in areas in which consumers will continue to spend their time, post crisis, these programs not only bolster level of service but provide an essential foundation for the County to move towards an intentional model of decentralized community care allowing crisis services when they are needed in areas where people already are.

<u>Efforts to connect consumers to crisis services from other venues:</u> Additional ways in which consumers and family members will be able to connect to these crisis services will be through referrals from county programs and various community-based organizations in Alameda County BHCS' extensive network of providers and partners, as well as outreach and information sharing with our county's five Family Education and Resource Centers (FERC), distributed throughout the county. The FERC's are new programs of the Alameda County Mental Health Association, providing multi-culturally competent information, education, advocacy, and support services to family/caregivers of those with serious emotional disturbance or mental illness, funded by Mental Health Services Act (MHSA) dollars.

*New outreach to families and consumers.* BHCS received SB 82 funding in 2014 to develop the Jay Mahler Center program and add triage staffing. Since awarded, we have added to our current triage capacity by deploying nine newly-funded triage personnel, both clinicians and peer care coordinators, to various community sites. They currently collaborate with the new Jay Mahler Center program to increase awareness of this new service, and with other community-based mental health crisis services in our county.

<u>How cultural, language, and other barriers will be addressed.</u> To ensure that cultural, language, and other barriers will be addressed in the proposed CRTs, BHCs will release a Request for Proposal (RFP) for service provider(s) within 30 days of preliminary notice of award. The RFP will require that selected provider(s) be well-established, long standing, and respected community providers of behavioral health services. The selected provider(s) will be required to provide cultural competence/diversity training to their service practitioners, initially and annually, thereafter. The selected contracting agency will also be required to assure cultural responsiveness through a number of specific practices, including hiring a diverse staff with capacity in the County



threshold languages of Spanish, Mandarin/Cantonese, and Farsi; providing written materials in Spanish; offering crisis intervention services through telephone translation and /or in person translation; hiring staff with lived experience of mental illness or as a family member of someone with mental illness; conducting outreach regarding crisis services to ethnic-specific community agencies and to the LGBT community through various community organizations.

Furthermore, the RFP will request that selected service provider(s) for the CSU and CRT employ peer partners and family partners to act as advocates for the participants and families who are engaged in services. Families in particular will be an important part of the treatment team. The role of the partner staff will be multi-faceted. Whenever possible, the peer and family partner will be the first contact to a new participant entering the program. The partner staff will engage with the participant as they are oriented to the program and the family will be encouraged to be an active and integral part of the orientation and therapeutic process so as to maximize the outcomes of success for the program in general. They will be tasked to challenge behaviors or attitudes that are not recovery oriented. All staff will be trained upon hire in the recovery movement and the philosophy and orientation of a consumer-driven provider of services.

Other efforts to improve access. As a result of the award of the SB 82 triage personnel grant to BHCS in 2014 with a focus on the older teen and young adult populations, there is will now be significant interface between the new CSU and CRT. The 'triage model' can link the mobile crisis team in both Hayward and Livermore and the staff of the new CSU and CRT who are counseling consumers on how to locate and engage with age-appropriate local services. Service components and systems for this interface have already been put into place at Jay Mahler Center. Some of these providers conduct outreach to young adults and older teens seen at Jay Mahler Center and provide them up to 90 days of intensive case management. Others conduct outreach at places (parks, shelters, community-based organizations) where troubled adults and young adults congregate or go for services. These outreach staff can identify and refer those in need of intensive case management. These services aim to increase timely access to needed mental health services and other supports and thereby reduce the need for and recidivism to PES, John George, and/or county jail or juvenile detention facilities (Juvenile Hall and Camp Willmont Sweeney). If this BHCS proposal is awarded, this existing interface will be easily expanded to the new CRTs.

Alameda County Behavioral Health Care Services is currently undertaking procurement for a pilot program that will provide short-term Case & Care Management services to Alameda County's reentry population. This service will provide a 'landing place' for persons with serious mental illness being released from the jail. Services will include assessment and targeted case management designed to identify needed services and support consumers' engagement in those services. The Adult CRT proposed by this application will be an important resource, for those re-entry consumers who may experience symptoms of crisis during this critical transitional period.

How proposed project will be qualitatively different from crisis services in an institutional setting: The proposed CSU and CRT will present welcoming and homelike environments. There will be



very obvious things that make it different from institutional settings, such as wall color and murals, and very small but extremely important items like providing bed linens that are colorful and vibrant. Other examples of how we will create a "non-institutional" environment at the facilities include consumers' rooms that are personalized with their own belongings; socialization rooms with sofas and individual chairs that can be moved around; family style meals; a variety of wellness activities (e.g., yoga, spiritualty groups, gender specific groups, cooking classes, art classes); well-groomed outdoor spaces for sports and fitness (basketball, volleyball, ping pong); and a large produce garden.

The proposed program staffing model at both programs will be multi-disciplinary and will operate as one cohesive team that shares a vision of wellness, resiliency, and hope. All staff members at the CSU and CRT will be required to drive for agency business and to travel with and transport participants and families as needed. Primarily, counselors, peer partners, and family partners will transport and travel with participants and families in the community. Activities ranging from shopping, pharmacy pick-up, linkage appointments, home visits, and more will be the responsibility of the counseling staff and will ensure we are able to meet consumers' ambulatory care needs. Hospital-based services will not be relied upon for prescribing medications or other needs.

<u>Public and private funding sources identified to complete the project.</u> Alameda County Behavioral Care Services has MHSA capital funds to augment the project. In addition, the County has some limited Measure A funds, that could be used in the case of capital over-runs or to address start-up costs. These funds will require a separate request of the County Measure A Oversight Committee, but have been made available for similar projects.

Services provided at the CSU and CRT to MediCal beneficiaries will be claimed through the State Short-Doyle system for Federal Funds Participation. The CRT will increase Federal revenue by assuring that users of the CRT are screened for eligibility for enrollment in MediCal and appropriate applications are taken.

MHSA funds will provide an ongoing source of match as well as cover services for those consumers who are uninsured.

## 2. Plan for Continuum of Care, Collaboration, and System Integration

As described earlier in this application, Alameda County has a broad continuum of mental health services from prevention and health promotion, to crisis and treatment, rehabilitation and recovery. Psychiatric crisis services include crisis response teams, emergency services, hospitals, and post-hospitalization residential facilities. Individuals who require ongoing case management services are screened and referred to one of Alameda's full-service partnerships or Community Support Centers with similar arrays of rehabilitation services.

Existing crisis services include the Crisis Response Program described above that offers immediate



therapeutic responses to persons in crisis and brief case management to assist consumers in establishing goals and accessing services. Additionally, Alameda offers urgent care medication support services and brief case management. The Psychiatric Emergency Service (PES) at John George Psychiatric Pavilion provides psychiatric evaluation, intervention, and referral for voluntary and involuntary patients 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

John George Psychiatric Hospital houses a total of 80 licensed inpatient beds. The inpatient services are geared to both involuntary and voluntary patients who have an acute psychiatric illness. Treatment modalities include medication, psychotherapy, milieu, group, occupational, and pet therapy, chaplain services, and community recovery support.

<u>Villa Fairmont MHRC (Mental Health Rehabilitation Center)</u> is licensed for 99 beds. It serves adults ages 18-65 who have a history of serious and persistent mental illness with repeated hospitalizations. Services include evaluation, treatment, and rehabilitation, using consumer-centered service plans and a recovery philosophy. It is the primary psychiatric sub-acute facility for adults in Alameda County.

<u>The Crisis Residential Program, Jay Mahler Center,</u> which opened its doors in 2015, largely as a result of support from the first round of CHFFA funding, is an unlocked, voluntary, 16-bed adult crisis residential facility for lengths of stay not to exceed 30 days. Consumers have access to a broad spectrum of services and activities there, including individual and group therapy, education and training around medication management, substance recovery, healthy eating and fitness, mindfulness, art therapy, living skills and vocational skills training, linkages to community support systems, self-advocacy training, and services specific to Transition Age Youth.

The proposed Adult CRT will provide an appropriate 'step-down' from psychiatric hospitalization, an alternative to John George PES as a 5150 crisis receiving center, and a critical resource to the Crisis Response Programs as a short or intermediate-term placement for persons in crisis or awaiting placement in ongoing rehabilitation services. The combined CSU/CRT program will also provide a "step-up" for consumers who are beginning to experience crisis in the community as they will be able to seek services on a voluntary basis before the crisis escalates to a 5150 thereby avoiding law enforcement, ambulance, and PES involvement.

Additionally, the Adult CRT will become a critical placement resource for re-entry consumers with serious mental illness coming out of the County jail, as those consumers may experience symptoms of crisis related to their mental illness during this highly-stressful re-entry period.

Alameda County Behavioral Care's planned Re-entry Case & Care Management Program will actively coordinate care, placements, and the available crisis service supports of the Adult CRT for the re-entry population.

*Other crisis services*. <u>The Crisis Residential Program at Woodroe Place</u>, in Hayward, provides short-term psychiatric services in a highly structured setting for seriously mentally ill adults who



require 24-hour supervision. It can accommodate 12 individuals for 2-4 weeks each. All residents are admitted on a voluntary basis, by referral from inpatient psychiatric hospitals or community agencies.

*Shortcomings in current continuum.* The new crisis residential facilities are a needed component within Alameda County's mental health crisis system. Currently, far more people are in need of services than the county has capacity to serve. The director of John George's PES has said he "always has consumers to fill crisis residential beds." As noted earlier, in recent years, there have been major decreases in safety-net services to vulnerable populations living in poverty, including shelters and other housing options, along with a 35% increase in the number of homeless people in our county with serious mental illness (1,106 in 2013) in the past two years alone. For individuals who struggle with serious mental illness, housing stressors can easily trigger an episode of psychosis for which crisis services would be needed. Moreover, substantial numbers of consumers seen at PES and John George Psychiatric Hospital recidivate with another crisis episode within 30 days of their prior visits, and only 8% of those who receive crisis services at John George are connected to care after their crisis episode.

Local area hospitals frequently find their emergency departments overwhelmed by persons brought there for clearance while under 5150 holds. The presence of a nearby CSU with 5150-receiving and assessment capabilities will be a significant benefit to these hospitals currently faced with the challenges of individuals in psychiatric crisis for which they have few available resources by providing a nearby referral location to transfer consumers upon medical clearance.

Additionally, residents in South County often have to travel more than 60 miles to receive crisis services, which are already over capacity. As a result, consumers and families often wait for crises to escalate to a 5150 situation before seeking help. The proposed programs provide services in consumers' their home community therefore minimizing travel. The proposed programs also provide access for consumers and their families to seek crisis services earlier in the crisis on a voluntary basis.

The re-entry population is disproportionately represented among users of the hospital-based PES, which does not offer the array of services needed by this population to support their re-engagement in the community.

How project will improve existing continuum for individuals utilizing mental health crisis services. There is clearly a need to provide individuals additional options of stepped down care from PES or John George to the new crisis residential facilities (CRT). Through the development of the new crisis stabilization unit (CSU), many more people will be able to stabilize and receive the needed supports and warm hand off referrals to the CRT that will get them connected to treatment and other needed resources and thus reduce recidivism, need for hospitalization, and justice system involvement. We estimate that through the opening of the new proposed CSU/CRT



combination, there will be an increase in crisis service capacity of approximately 10%, not quite 'catching up' with the increased demand over the past two years.

More importantly, the location of CSU and CRT in South County will enhance the accessibility of these services. Approximately 33% of the consumers using the hospital-based PES show recorded addresses in the South Area of Alameda County. The expanded array of service supports available to consumers within the context of 'crisis services' will reflect a strategy of reducing the 'revolving door' of crisis services. Current data indicates a ratio of 2.16 crisis admissions to unique consumers, a high rate of recidivism (11,467 admissions for 5,306 consumers).

Application for MHSOAC triage personnel. As mentioned above, BHCS was awarded a SB 82 MHSA Triage Personnel grant in 2014. Funding from this grant has vastly increased the county's service capacity for youth and young adults (TAY ages 16 to 24) with serious mental illness – including a subgroup of those (TAY ages 18-24). This has enabled BHCS to deploy 7 clinicians and 2 peer care coordinators in the community to provide outreach, crisis intervention, and targeted intensive case management and linkage services to ensure that TAY needing crisis support, mental health care, and other assistance receive it. Triage personnel funded through this grant are deployed to conduct mobile outreach at several community sites in Berkeley where TAY congregate and engage those in need as indicated: 1) in up to three months of intensive case management; 2) to provide these services at John George PES, Woodroe Place crisis residential facility, and the Willow Rock Crisis Response Center; or 3) to support TAY (for up to one year) served at several community-based organizations. We anticipate that these triage personnel will collaborate with BHCS to help identify TAY needing crisis care at the proposed Adult CRT program, and to connect them to and keep them engaged in ongoing care after their discharge.

**County's relationships with Related Supports and planned enhancements.** BHCS has many and varied relationships with other County and City departments (e.g., Public Health, Social Services, Probation, and Police Departments) as well as a myriad of community-based organizations that interact with individuals before, during, and after mental health crises. We collaborate with these agencies in areas including crisis intervention, cross-referrals of individuals needing care, coordination of services, training to improve services and service coordination, and program planning. Examples of current collaborative efforts are as follows:

**Crisis Intervention Training** (CIT): BHCS and the Oakland Police Department are in our third year of implementing monthly Crisis Intervention Training sessions for all law enforcement departments in the County. Over 300 officers from 10 different departments have been trained. Due to the success of CIT, Oakland and BHCS are now also running a modified version of CIT for dispatchers so that they better understand mental health and what types of questions to ask and what to listen for (e.g., certain types of medication, language needs, the ways in which underserved communities experience and describe mental health signs and symptoms, history of 5150s, presence of a weapon). Increasing law enforcement personnel's understanding of mental illness both increases safety for the consumer and officer and helps the consumer get needed services as

quickly as possible.

## Investment In Mental Health Wellness Grant Program 2016

**Forensic Multi-Disciplinary Team Committee**: This committee meets once a month and is led by the Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) department to discuss individuals that are frequently seen around BART stations and/or on BART trains that appear to need social and clinical support. Individual cases are identified and a plan is made to determine what types of supports are necessary – including crisis intervention/stabilization, mental health treatment, housing, SSI/SDI advocacy for benefits, medication management, etc. This meeting provides a mechanism to identify consumers who may need crisis support as well as to regularly inform law enforcement agencies of new, local resources.

**Mental Health First Aid** (**MHFA**): BHCS regularly sponsors MHFA trainings for community groups to better understand mental illness and to train groups to identify signs of suicide and self-harm and how to take action to support a person in need. These trainings have been extremely popular and have reached many different types of groups including churches, the Probation and Public Health departments, current crisis providers, NAMI and other family member groups, college students, and city staff such as librarians and recreation departments.

Wellness Recovery Action Plan (WRAP) trainings and ongoing groups: BHCS sponsors 10 ongoing WRAP groups and contracts with a consumer run organization called Peers Envisioning and Engaging in Recovery Services (PEERS) to conduct monthly WRAP orientations. WRAP was developed by Mary Ellen Copeland and is facilitated by people who experience mental health challenges, who have learned that they can identify what makes them well, and then use their own recovery experiences in support of others. The result has been recovery and long-term stability.

**Pool of Consumer Champions (POCC)**: The POCC is an active grassroots group of over 240 consumers who geographically and ethnically represent Alameda County. BHCS helped to establish the POCC. Its members sit on multiple BCHS activity and policy committees. Their mission is to improve the quality of life for Alameda County residents who have mental health issues and to provide the consumer perspective in transforming Alameda County mental health services to a recovery vision that is consumer-driven, culturally competent, and holistic in its services and supports.

*Planned enhancements*. Parallel to this application, BCHS is working to enhance our continuum of care for individuals with serious mental illness in order to increase and expedite access to needed care, help prevent unnecessary hospitalizations and consumers' involvement with the justice systems, and improve consumers' wellness.

As an example, BHCS has developed a Trauma Informed Care (TIC) Learning Collaborative comprised of many system partners including the Public Health Department, Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, Oakland Unified School District, Alameda County First5, the Department of Social Services, and local nonprofits with experience with trauma. The mission of this learning collaborative is to "Create Trauma Informed Systems that foster wellness and



resilience for everyone". As the majority of persons served in public mental health and substance abuse systems have experienced trauma and have been severely impacted by these experiences, neglecting to address trauma can have huge implications for the effectiveness of mental health treatment and wellness of individuals.

Current collaborations between the Health Care Agency and law enforcement includes extensive planning and program development for the re-entry population through the Community Corrections Partnership (CCP) responsible for implementation of AB109 in Alameda County. This collaboration has resulted in expanded behavioral health funding and programing including the Re-entry Case & Care Management Program and an Innovations In Re-entry Program designed to expand community capacity and the adoption of best practices in providing services to the re-entry population.

#### 3. Key Outcomes and a Plan for Measuring Them

**Plan to measure and demonstrate project outcomes.** Alameda County BHCS has robust fiscal and contracting departments that have the capacity to track and report on numerous process measures such as the tracking of the 32 new beds, and their costs. Additionally, BHCS uses a billing and information system called InSyst. We use InSyst to record mental health and substance use disorder services and create billings to Medi-Cal, Medicare, private insurance companies, and individuals receiving behavioral health services. Because the InSyst system is based on consumer encounters and services delivered, BHCS is able to easily track and report on encounter-based information including unique counts of consumers serviced by date, types of contacts/services received, demographic information, referral source and service type, recidivism, and re-occurring episodes. Listed below are the key outcomes for the proposed crisis residential programs services, how we plan to measure them, the timeline for data collection, and who will be responsible for collecting and monitoring the data.

Reduced hospital-based emergency room and psychiatric inpatient utilization – Psychiatric Emergency Services (PES) at John George Psychiatric Pavilion and John George Psychiatric Hospital: Currently this type of utilization data is already being captured by clinical staff through InSyst and monitored through a daily updated dashboard report for the Adult System of Care through BHCS' Decision Support Data Unit. We will be able to easily track a reduction in episodes as well as length of stay and recidivism through this dashboard report since these indicators are currently monitored. Also, because BHCS already monitors and documents this type of data, we will have a baseline to use for comparison if the project is awarded. Data from the City of Berkeley will be included in this report.

*Reduced law enforcement involvement on mental health crisis calls, contacts, custodies, and/or transports for assessment.* In 2013, the Oakland Police Department (OPD) developed three disposition codes that officers now use when they close out a call to better track mental health crisis calls and the presence of CIT (crisis intervention training) -trained officers. The three codes



are: **MH** for mental health issues present, but no 5150 hold placed; **MHH** for mental health hold where there was a mental health crisis and a 5150 hold was placed, and CIT for if a CIT-trained officer was on the scene of the call.

BHCS has been developing a strong collaborative with the Hayward PD for several years now in an effort to make services for the seriously mentally ill more effective. Similar to our agreements with OPD, we hope to establish similar agreements with HPD, the largest police department in the South County and the city from which approximately half of psychiatric admissions are located. By coding calls in this way, HPD will be able to determine the level of crisis calls and will be able to monitor increases and decreases in the calls that require a 5150 hold being placed.

Improvements in consumer participation rates in outpatient mental health and case management services, and more placements by outreach workers. Currently this type of utilization data is being captured through InSyst and monitored through a daily updated dashboard report for the Adult System of Care at BHCS. With the new residential crisis programs, BHCS expects to see an increase in the number of consumers who become linked to, regularly participate, and remain as long as needed in mental health treatment services. We will be able to document this through episodes opened and service activity in InSyst in BHCS' continuum of treatment services (case management service teams, MHSA full service partnerships, medication management programs, substance use treatment programs, and individual practitioner mental health treatment services).

*Satisfaction with crisis services.* Consumer satisfaction with the crisis residential services will be monitored by BHCS through the annual administration of the Mental Health Statistics Improvement Program (MHSIP). The MHSIP consumer survey was developed through a collaborative effort of consumers, their families, mental health advocates, and the Center for Mental Health Services. Its purpose is to measure consumer satisfaction, perception of service impact and of consumers' functioning and quality of life. BHCS will administer and collect MHSIP data once a year, and analyze and share the data with BACS for quality improvement purposes.

*Number of crisis beds and crisis personnel added.* These items will be monitored through BHCS contracting department, called the Network Office. Utilization of beds will also be monitored through this office.

*Target population/other individuals being served.* As noted, BHCS uses our InSyst system to track consumers, consumer demographics, services, and encounters. During the intake/ assessment process to the crisis residential services, the provider will ask consumers if they are already linked into the BHCS system through either mental health or substance use treatment services as well as assess for suicide and harm of self or others. Positive responses will identify the # and % of all consumers that match the target population discussed in this application. Staff on our central County crisis team will utilize InSyst to track consumers, their demographics, and service contacts.



**Program value.** As part of the screening process at the new crisis residential programs staff will take a history of episodes at PES, John George Psychiatric Hospital, county jail, or juvenile detention facilities, or gather consumers' historical information through InSyst. With these data BHCS will be able to show that avoiding these more costly and restrictive services mitigates overall county costs. The BHCS Decision Support Data Unit will assist in the tracking of these services and develop a model to show cost savings.

**Proportion** (%) of individuals who receive crisis service who, within 7 days and 30 days, return for crisis services at a hospital emergency department, psychiatric hospital, or jail. The percent of individuals who receive crisis services who return within 7 and 30 days to crises services at John George, PES, or county jail can be tracked through the InSyst system and monitored through BHCS' Decision Support Data Unit. Currently BHCS tracks recidivism from John George and uses the Healthcare Effectiveness Data & Information Set (HEDIS) metrics of 7 and 30 days.

**Reporting.** A staff member from BHCS' Adult System of Care will be identified as the person responsible for reporting all outcome data and analyses to the grantor and will do so every six months, within 45 days following the completion of the periods ending on June 30 and December 31 of each year during the grant period. This will be part of the reporting requirements detailed in the grant guidelines – including reporting of project activities, population served, costs and expenditures, other funding sources utilized for the project, remaining work to be completed, timeline or schedule for the completion of that work, and a description of whether the project is within the proposed budget, and if not why, and actions that will be taken to ensure the project has sufficient funding for completion.

## 4. Project Feasibility, Sustainability, and Readiness

**a. Project timeline**. Details on the building and development of the new programs are listed below. Overall, if awarded funding, BHCS expects to have the facility open for service in March 2017.

Finalize procurement process for operator-owned site upon approval by County Board	4/01/2016	5/15/2016
New CEQA approval process by CDA	05/15/2016	08/01/2016
Finalize construction specifications and costs	08/01/2016	08/29/2016
Selected operator finalizes construction contract	09/01/2016	09/15/2016
Negotiate and finalize term lease and service contract with selected owner-operator	07/01/2016	09/31/2016
Capital construction	10/01/2016	3/01/2017



Inspections/reviews/construction project acceptance	03/01/2017	03/15/2017
Provider of services applies for and receives Community Care Licensing license and DHCS certifications	7/1/2016	3/15/2017
	00/15/0016	02/20/2017

#### **MOVE IN and service begins**

09/15/2016 03/30/2017

*i. Status of approval processes.* The two programs would be licensed separately and certified separately by the Community Care Licensing and the State Department of Health Care Services as Crisis Residential / Social Rehabilitation Program and a Crisis Stabilization Unit. The programs will then be certified for Short-Doyle/Medi-Cal under the Rehabilitation Option, thus making it eligible to participate in Federal Medicaid Title 19 Funding.

While Alameda County has not identified the operator of either of the two programs, BHCS currently contracts with a number of providers for crisis and sub-acute services. Alameda County procurement policies allow for a 'sole source' selection of a vendor when such a vendor represents a singular source of the services to be purchased. Preliminary outreach to qualified providers and market research on available sites suggests that there may only be one appropriately permitted facility in the South County Area for these programs. If so, BHCS will seek a sole source procurement for the crisis programs in South County based on the identification of a provider with an available facility in the targeted area, already holding an appropriate Conditional Use Permit, where that organization has extensive successful experience providing crisis or acute/sub-acute services.

The identified provider(s) of the crisis services will start the process of acquiring Community Care Licensure approximately six months before facility completion. Once the building is complete, the Fire Marshall, will conduct an inspection and provide BHCS with a Certificate of Occupancy. BHCS will then submit an application to the State for Short-Doyle/Medi-Cal certification. It's also important to mention that the procurement for an operator-owned facility will require that the bidder propose a facility with an existing conditional use permit (CUP).

#### i. Staffing status.

The contract provider will provide the management infrastructure and supervisory staff for the program with additional hiring being done for administrative support and direct service positions. Please see attached budgets for detail of positions for each program.

*iii. Projected date when services to consumers will begin.* Based on the timeline above BHCS expects to open this new crisis residential facility in March 2017.

*iv. Processes that may affect timeline to start providing services.* The process of completing the CEQA review and declaration is beyond the control of the County. Certification by Community Care Licensing is reasonably assured by virtue of the operator selection process.



However, Community Care Licensing offers no assurances regarding the timeline for completion of the process. BHCS and its selected provider will be as proactive as possible in applying for licensure and certification; however, there may be external factors at the State level that delay these items. BHCS has many years of experience in applying for licensure and certification so we do not expect to see major delays to the above timeline at the local level.

*v. Potential challenges and how they will be mitigated.* We recognize that, as with any capital facilities project, there are always unforeseen or unavoidable challenges that can affect the timeline for completion. There are two main types of challenges BHCS will need to be prepared for:

• <u>Actual construction challenges</u> related to rising costs, extended timelines, and quality of work. BHCS hopes to mitigate these challenges through the hiring of a highly competent construction manager who is familiar with Alameda County's current building codes and permit rules and requirements, and has a background in green construction, since this is going to be an environmentally-sound green facility.

• <u>Non-construction</u> challenges related to weather, natural disasters (earthquakes), legal issues, or unforeseen conditions discovered at the site. Unfortunately, there is not a great deal we can do to prepare for interruptions due to a natural disaster or other non-construction challenges, such as unforeseen site conditions.

#### b. Funding sources and proposed uses of funding

#### *i.* **Proposed uses of grant funds**

The startup funding for the proposed CSU and CRT will primarily come from CHFFA funds. Funding from CHFFA includes the costs for a facility from acquisition and capital improvements through program licensure and certification. The start-up budgets are attached to this application. While we have not yet secured the facility, BHCS has identified two likely buildings. We have provided a budget estimate that would allow funding for acquisition as well as capital improvements, based on actual experience from acquiring and renovating a CSU and CRT facility in the North County.

#### *ii.* Funding sources and status.

Other sources of capital funding would include Alameda's MHSA Capital Account and Measure A funds from a voter-passed initiative that provides funding to local health care operations and capital projects. Measure A fund requires specific approvals, but would be in keeping with the purpose of this project.

*iii.* The use of SB82 Grant Funds will be under the oversight of a Project Director with all costs accounted for and recorded as part of a Project Budget, which will be monitored by BHCS Finance staff. The SB82 Grant award will require formal acceptance by the Alameda Board of Supervisors and will be under the oversight and reporting requirements of the Alameda County

Auditor's Office.

#### c. Program Operating Budget.

Alameda County BHCS has committed ongoing funds from MHSA and realignment for the operation of the new crisis services programs, which will be allocated annually through the HCSA, BHCS Maintenance of Effort Budget. BHCS has experience and expertise in financial modeling of program expenditures based on Medi-Cal reimbursements and consumer populations to ensure sustainability of services and programs. If awarded funding, and as we move toward building completion, BHCS will conduct a more robust fiscal modeling and analysis of all planned crisis care services to increase the Medi-Cal FFP revenue and determine if additional funds from the Community Services and Supports component of the MHSA will be needed. This modeling will assist BHCS in sustaining the programs. The operating budgets are attached to this application.

In this regard, we should note that Alameda County has an excellent track record for helping youth, adults, and families to obtain Medi-Cal benefits. As an example, BHCS' annual budget is \$353 million, 84% of which is generated through Medi-Cal claiming. Based on Medi-Cal claims data, Alameda County has one of the highest per capita claim lines per Medi-Cal beneficiary in the State. In July 2012, the County implemented a dashboard that provides monthly alerts to county clinic sites and contracted providers when a consumer's Medi-Cal has lapsed so that assistance can be offered to reinstate it as soon as possible. This new system has yielded an average fix rate of 72%.

**d. Means of assessing financial capacity and creditworthiness.** BHCS as part of the overall county Health Care Services Agency is a fiscally sound department with high financial capacity. This can be seen through Alameda County's most recent credit ratings: Moody's (Aa2), Standard and Poor's (AA+), Fitch (AA+). (Please see attached Audited Financial Statement, which includes the county's credit rating.

#### e. Service provider. iii. Selection process, criteria and timeline for service provider

The service provider that will operate the crisis programs has not been selected. Behavioral Health Care has conducted an initial market review for interest among existing contract providers of mental health residential services. The scope of service requirements and level of demand have been determined through careful analysis of utilization data for the South County Area of Alameda County. Initially, BHCS will consider whether there are multiple providers who can meet the following criteria:

#### Criteria:

- Experience with target population(s)
- Proven track record in providing crisis residential services to adults with serious mental illness



- Experience and capacity for documentation and claiming through mental health specialty services, MediCal, Medicare.
- Able to provide a facility with capacity for at least 14 crisis residential beds and 12 beds for crisis stabilization unit. Facility must be in South County Area, have excellent access to public transportation and be immediately available.
- Provider must possess existing applicable Conditional Use Permit for the facility.
- Provider must be able to meet aggressive timetable.
- Approval of a sole-source procurement could be completed within 45 to 60 days. This would be followed by contract and lease negotiations as outlined in the proposed timeline set forth above. Should the County determine that there may be more than one bidder, an RFP will be issued requesting bids within funding available by providers meeting the above criteria. The timeline presented above (page 16) anticipates the negotiation of a lease with the owner-operator to be completed by March 31, 2016, which would allow time for concurrent service contract development, lease negotiation, and County Board

**f.** Certainty of Medi-Cal certification and state licensure. As noted earlier, our plan for the selecting a provider for the crisis services programs will require an application for licensing and certification for the site and operator. However, we can be virtually certain that selecting an already-successful, licensed and certified provider of crisis residential services in Alameda County and requiring that the selected provider hold a valid Conditional Use Permit, makes it virtually certain that our selected provider will be licensed and MediCal certified to provide these services in this new facility.

*i. How service provider will comply with certification processes.* BHCS is the Medi-Cal biller for all of Alameda County Specialty Mental Health and Drug Medi-Cal services and has a specialized department called Provider Relations that has extensive knowledge in applying for and receiving Medi-Cal Site Certifications from the State. Because of BHCS' experience in applying for Med-Cal certification and the fact that the selected provider will have been licensed by the State Department of Social Services and have experience running certified crisis residential facilities that are licensed as Social Rehabilitation Facilities, we feel very confident that the new crisis service programs will be Medi-Cal certified in a timely manner.We are designing the CRT program with the intent for it to be licensed as a crisis residential facility (Social Rehabilitation Program), i.e., its purpose is to offer alternatives to acute hospitalizations, to provide stabilization and diagnostic services for less than 30 days.

Our selected operator will possess extensive experience in running such programs and complying with all of the applicable regulations set forth by the Department of Social Services, and include services such as:

*ii. Structured day and evening services 7 days a week.* In the CRT, activities will be wide ranging and include, for example, daily morning and evening resident meetings, exercise classes, peer support groups, individual and group counseling, karaoke, and community

awareness.

- *iii. Community support systems for consumers.* Peer counselors will work with each consumer at the CRT to identify their individual areas of interest in order to help introduce consumers to a variety of (non-mental health) community support systems.
- *iv. Use of program to assist consumers in skill acquisition.* Consumers' community living and interpersonal skills will be developed, tested, and refined at the short stay program in a number of ways, including chore responsibilities, sharing a room and having to negotiate ideas and issues with a with a roommate, running or participating in consumer-run communal meetings, therapy groups, peer support groups, goal setting sessions, training in independent living activities, cooking classes, and developing a recovery plan.
- v. Counseling, crisis intervention, and planned activities. The recovery schedule will include time for individual and group counseling (utilizing Dialectical Behavior Therapy/DBT and other modalities), as well as a myriad of planned activities such as movie night, arts and crafts, communal cooking, gardening, yoga, healthy walking program, and off-site outings. Residential counselors will also check in with consumers on a daily basis so consumers can express any lingering issues.
- *vi. Counseling for consumers' family members.* Family members will be involved with the consumer during the intake process as well as in discharge planning and the consumer's actual discharge. Additionally, if a consumer has a case manager in the community and family involvement is included in the treatment plan, then the provider will provide transportation to the consumer and family member(s) so they can continue to participate in family groups.
- *vii. Vocational counseling.* Both **pre-vocational and vocational opportunities** will be offered at the new facility. In the new building there will also be a small computer lab where consumers will be able to search for jobs, improve their computer skills, and learn how to develop or refine their resume.
- *viii. Consumer advocacy skills.* Consumers' ability to advocate for themselves will be encouraged and supported in two main ways: introduction to the POCC and its numerous committees (ethnic and topic-based), and offering WRAP classes in which consumers are assisted to develop a WRAP plan, which helps empower the consumer to recognize their own mental health warning signs, and to take responsibility for their wellness and act accordingly.
- *ix. Activities to encourage socialization; linkages to resources after leaving program.* The new program will have many activities that will **encourage socialization within the program as well as activities that consumers can continue in the general community.** Examples include gardening, health and fitness classes (weight room, ping pong, volleyball, basketball, group walking), art studio, yoga and meditation, communal cooking, Bible study, attending the church on, DBT groups, gender-specific groups, as well as special groups for TAY ages 18 to 24



## Start-up Budget: Crisis Residential Treatment

A. Expenditures	Contract Staff FTEs	Annual Salary	Totals	Narrative
Personnel Costs (List type of staff to be hired)				
Program Director	1.	) \$ 79,821.00	\$ 19,955.25	3 months for program set-up
Clinical Supervisor/Licensed Clinician	0.	1 \$ 85,000.00	\$ 705.50	1 month of staff training and team building
Registered/Waivered Clinician	2.	5 60,000.00	\$ 9,960.00	1 month of staff training and team building
Mental Health Rehabilitation Worker/Specialist	7.	\$ 41,600.00	\$ 25,550.72	1 month of staff training and team building
Peer Counselor	2.	3 \$ 36,858.00	\$ 8,565.80	
LVN/LPT	2.	3 \$ 54,080.00	\$ 12,568.19	1 month of staff training and team building
Relief Staff	0.0	) \$16.50	. ,	
Total FTEs and Salaries			\$ 77,305.46	
Total Employee Benefits			\$ 23,191.64	Calculated @ 30%
Total Personnel Costs			\$ 100,497.10	
			+	
1. Total Personnal Expenditures	16.1	)	\$ 100,497.10	
Category	Rate	Quantity	Cost	Narrative
Consultant- Psychiatrist	None at s	tart-up		There is no psychiatric consultation costs expected in the start-up phase
Rent	\$ 12,000.00	3	\$ 36,000.00	3 months start-up at \$12,000/month for facility lease or mortgage
				This is the cost for 3 months services from PG&E (\$600/month), Water/Sewer (\$850/month), Garbage
Utilities	\$ 2,950.00	3	\$ 8,850.00	(\$150/month), Bio-waste (\$25/month), and Grounds keeping (\$150/month)
Communications/Phone	\$ 750.00	3	\$ 7,050.00	3 months start-up at Internet/Cable \$600; VoIP \$150 + purchase of 6 computer work stations
Equipment Lease	\$ 375.00	3	\$ 1,125.00	3 months of copier/Fax Lease
Office Supplies	one time e	xpense	\$ 6,000.00	Initial purchase of paper, pencils, pens, binders, etc and production of outreach materials
Medications	one time e	xpense	\$ 600.00	Initial purchase of on-site medication, including over the counter medication
Household/Linens	one time e	xpense	\$ 9,600.00	This is the cost of purchasing linens and other household supplies for the CRT program
				This is the cost of program supplies including curriculums, learning materials, and recreational/activity
Program Supplies	one time e	xpense	\$ 18,000.00	supplies
Food	one time e	xpense	\$ 1,200.00	Initial purchase of food and ER supplies
				This is the cost pre-employment expenses for 17 CRT staff that includes a medical physical and Tuberculosis
Recruitment/Preemployment Expenses	\$ 275.00	17	\$ 4,675.00	Test (\$150/person) and a LiveScan criminal background check (\$125/person)
Training and Staff Development	one time e	xpense	\$ 17,500.00	Initial training costs
Vehicle- Lease	\$ 380.00	3	\$ 1,140.00	This is the cost for 3 months lease costs for a 10-person transport van (\$380/month)
Vehicle - Operations	\$ 360.00	-		This is cost for 12 weeks of gasoline(\$80/week) and 1 quarter of vehicle maintenance (\$40/quarterly)
Vehicle - Insurance	\$ 350.00	-		This is the cost of 3 months of vehicle insurance coverage (\$350/month)
Furniture/Fixtures	one time e	xpense		Purchase of hospital grade furniture with warranty during start-up
Insurance	\$ 1,950.00			This is the cost of 3 months insurance for the CRT facility and program (\$1500/month)
Building Acquisition/Tenant Improvements	one time e	xpense		This is based on an actual estimate of acquiring and rehabbing a similar facility in the County
Indirect/Administration				Calculated at 15%
2. Total Operations and Administration Expenditures			\$ 981,529.96	
TOTAL EXPENSES			\$ 1,082,027.06	



#### **Start-up Budget: Crisis Stabilization Unit**

				Personnel
Position	# of FTEs	Annual Salary	Annual Cost	Narrative
Program Director	1	\$ 80,000.00	\$ 20,000.00	3 months for program set-up
Psychiatric Nurse Practitioner	2.8	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 29,050.00	1 month of staff training and team building
Clinical Supervisor/Licensed Clinician	1.8	\$ 85,000.00	\$ 12,699.00	1 month staff training and team building
Registered/Waivered Clinician	16	\$ 60,000.00	\$ 79,680.00	1 month of staff training and team building
Nursing Manager/RN	3.2	\$ 85,000.00	\$ 68,000.00	3 months of program set-up and staff training and team building
LVN/LPT	2	\$ 54,080.00	\$ 8,977.28	1 month of staff training and team building
Mental Health Rehabilitation Worker/Specialist	5.6	\$ 41,600.00	\$ 19,335.68	1 month of staff training and team building
Peer Counselor	8.4	\$ 37,440.00	\$ 26,103.17	1 month of staff training and team building
				Fringe Benefits
Category	Rate	Salary Base	Annual Cost	
Benefits	30%	\$ 263,845.13	\$ 79,153.54	Benefits calculated at 30%
Total Personnel			\$ 342,998.67	
				Operating Costs
Category	Rate	Quantity	Annual Cost	Narrative
On-Call Psychiatry	\$ 175.00	0	\$-	None during start-up
Rent	\$ 12,000.00	3	\$ 36,000.00	3 months start-up at \$12,000/month for facility lease or mortgage
Utilities	\$ 2,950.00	3	\$ 8,850.00	3 months start-up at Water \$950; PG&E \$1,200; Garbage \$650; Medical Waste Disposal \$150
Telephone/Communications	\$ 750.00	3	\$ 11,250.00	3 months start-up at Internet/Cable \$600; VoIP \$150 + purchase of 9 computer work stations
Equipment Lease	\$ 375.00	3	\$ 1,125.00	3 months of copier/Fax Lease
Office Supplies	one-time e	xpense	\$ 6,000.00	Initial purchase of paper, pencils, pens, binders, etc and production of outreach materials
Medication	one-time e	xpense	\$ 30,000.00	Initial purchase of on-site medication, including over the counter medication
Medical Supplies	one-time e	xpense	\$ 3,600.00	Initial purchase of first aid and nursing supplies
Hygeine Supplies/Personal Items	one-time e	xpense	\$ 3,600.00	Initial purchase of Personal care items for consumers, including shampoo, soap, dental, and other incidentals
Program/Activity Supplies	one-time e	xpense	\$ 6,000.00	Initial purchase of journals, art supplies, other activity and programmatic materials
Client Assistance (bus passes, ER/flex funds)	one-time expense		\$ 4,800.00	Initial purchase of \$10/client for bus passes and other incidental discharge needs
Meal Service			\$-	None during start-up
Janitorial Service			\$-	None during start-up
Laundry Service			\$-	None during start-up
Security Service			\$-	None during start-up
Recruitment/Preemployment Expenses	\$ 275.00	41	\$ 11,275.00	Initial background checks, TB tests, and medical clearnace for 41 staff
Staff Development and Training	one-time e	xpense	\$ 17,500.00	Initial training costs
Local Travel	\$ 125.00	3	\$ 375.00	Mileage for director/supervisors to attend meetings for 6 months
Vehicle Lease	\$ 380.00	3	\$ 1,140.00	3 months of lease costs for a 10-person transport van (\$380/month)
Vehicle Insurance	\$ 300.00	3	\$ 900.00	3 months of lease costs for a 10-person transport van (\$300/month)
Vehicle Gas/Oil/Maintenance	\$ 360.00	3	\$ 1,080.00	3 months of vehicle operations including gasoline (\$80/week) and quarterly vehicle upgrade (\$40/quarterly)
Furniture/Facility Maintenance	one-time e	xpense	\$ 60,000.00	Purchase of hospital grade furniture with warranty during start-up
Insurance	\$ 1,950.00	3	\$ 5,850.00	3 months of insurance
Building Acquisition/Tenant Improvements	one-time e	xpense	\$ 660,676.00	This is based on an actual estimate of acquiring and rehabbing a similar facility in the County
Total Operating			\$ 870,021.00	
				Administrative
Category	Rate	Base	Annual Cost	Narrative
Administrative Expenses (ACBHCS)	15%	\$ 1,213,019.67	. ,	Calculated at 15% indirect rate
Total Administrative	;		\$ 181,952.95	
Category	Total			
Personnel	\$ 342,998.67			
Operating	\$ 870,021.00			
Administrative	\$ 181,952.95			
TOTAL	\$ 1,394,972.62			



#### **Operating Budget: Crisis Residential Treatment**

	Contract Staff			
A. Expenditures	FTEs	Annual Salary	Total Cost	Narrative
Personnel Costs (List type of staff to be hired)				
Program Director	1.0	\$ 79,821.00	\$ 79,821.00	
Psychiatrist	0.4	\$ 250,000.00	\$ 100,000.00	
Clinical Supervisor/Licensed Clinician	0.1	\$ 85,000.00	\$ 8,500.00	
Registered/Waivered Clinician	2.0	\$ 60,000.00	\$ 120,000.00	
Mental Health Rehabilitation Worker	7.4	\$ 41,600.00	\$ 307,840.00	
Peer Counselor	2.8	\$ 36,858.00	\$ 103,202.40	
LPT/LVN (Optional)	2.8	\$ 54,080.00	\$ 151,424.00	
Relief Staff	2134.40	\$16.50	\$ 35,217.60	\$16.5/hour
Total FTEs and Salaries			\$ 906,005.00	
Total Employee Benefits			\$ 271.801.50	Contract provider @ 30%
Total Personnel Costs			\$ 1,177,806.50	
			+ _,,	
1. Total Personnal Expenditures	20.1		\$ 1,177,806.50	
Category	Rate	Quantity	Amount	Narrative
Direct Costs	1			
On-Call Psychiatry	175	416	\$ 72,800.00	8 hours per week of psychiatry
Rent	\$ 12,000.00	12		\$12,000/month for facility lease or mortgage
Utilities	\$ 2,950.00	12		Water \$950; PG&E \$1,200; Garbage \$650; Medical Waste Disposal \$150
Telephone/Communications	\$ 750.00	12	. ,	Internet/Cable \$600; VoIP \$150
Equipment Lease	\$ 375.00	12		Copier/Fax Lease
Office Supplies	\$ 400.00	12	. ,	Paper, pencils, pens, binders, etc.
Medication	\$ 60.00	12	. ,	On-site medication, including over the counter medication
Hygeine Supplies/Personal Items	\$ 600.00	12	•	Personal care items for consumers, including shampoo, soap, dental, and other incidentals
Program/Activity Supplies	\$ 450.00	12	. ,	Journals, art supplies, other group and programmatic materials
Client Assistance (bus passes, ER/flex funds)	\$ 4,800.00	12		\$10/client for bus passes and other incidental discharge needs
Food	\$ 3,200.00	12		\$800/week for food and other groceries
Recruitment/Preemployment Expenses	\$ 275.00	5		Preemployment Expenses for 25% turnover
Staff Development and Training	\$ 840.00	12		\$180/staff/year for CEs + \$6/staff/month for ELearning
Local Travel	\$ 840.00	12		Mileage for director/supervisors to attend meetings
Vehicle Lease	\$ 125.00	12	. ,	This is the cost for 12 months of lease costs for a 10-person transport van (\$400/month)
Vehicle Insurance	\$ 380.00	12		This is the cost of 12 months of vehicle insurance coverage (\$350/month)
Vehicle Gas/Oil/Maintenance	\$ 360.00	12	. ,	This is cost for 52 weeks of gasoline(\$80/week) and guarterly vehicle upgrade (\$40/guarterly)
Furniture/Facility Maintenance	\$ 888.07	12	. ,	Purchase of hospital grade furniture with warranty during start-up
Insurance	\$ 1,200.00	12	. ,	Liability, malpractice, etc.
Indirect/Administration	\$ 1.950.00	12	. ,	
2. Total Operations and Administration Expenditu	+ -)	12	\$ 716,730.30	
			÷ /10,/30.30	
TOTAL EXPENSES			\$ 1,894,536.80	
B. Expected Revenues			,	
Medi-Cal (FFP @ 50%)			\$ 615,724.46	65% of population
Medi-Cal (MCE @ 100%)				25% of population
Other Revenue (Private Insurance)			÷ -, 5, 554.20	
3. Total Revenue			\$ 1,089,358.66	
5. Total nevenue			\$ 1,089,358.66	



#### **Operating Budget: Crisis Stabilization Unit**

16 bed CSU									
Personnel									
Position	# of FTEs	Annual Salary	Annual Cost	Narrative					
Program Director	1	\$ 80,000.00	\$ 80,000.00	Program Director to provide oversight and supervision to program					
Psychiatrist	On-Call	\$ 250,000.00		Supervision for Nurse Practitioner					
Psychiatric Nurse Practitioner	2.8	\$ 125,000.00	\$ 350,000.00	One Psych NP during AM and PM shifts					
Clinical Supervisor/Licensed Clinician	1.8	\$ 85,000.00	\$ 153,000.00	One Licensed Clinician 8 hours per day to provide supervision and direct service					
Registered/Waivered Clinician	16	\$ 60,000.00	\$ 960,000.00	4 clinicians on site at all times					
Nursing Manager/RN	3.2								
LVN/LPT	2	\$ 54,080.00		1 LPT on site M-F on AM and PM shifts					
Mental Health Rehabilitation Worker/Specialist		,		1 MHRW on AM shift, 2 on PM, 1 on NOCs					
Peer Counselor	8.4	. ,		2 Peer Counselors on every shift					
Relief Staff	# of Hours	Hourly Rate	Annual Cost						
Relief Staff- MD/NP	448			Relief staff to provide coverage for vacations, other paid time off, and training/staff development					
Relief Staff- Clinical	2848		. ,	increasing to provide coverage for vacations, other paid time on, and training/stan developin					
Relief Staff- Nursing									
Relief Staff- MHRW/Peer									
Kellej Stajj- Mirkw/Peer         2240         \$ 18.00         \$ 40,320.00           Fringe Benefits									
Category Benefits	30%	Salary Base \$ 2,926,616.00		Benefits calculated at 30%					
Total Personnel	50%	\$ 2,920,010.00	\$ 3,804,600.80						
Total Personnel									
Operating Costs									
Category	Rate	Quantity	Annual Cost	Narrative					
On-Call Psychiatry	\$ 175.00	208	1,	4 hours per week of psychiatry to provide NP supervision and respond to on-call consultation					
Rent	\$ 12,000.00	12		\$12,000/month for facility lease or mortgage					
Utilities	\$ 2,950.00	12		Water \$950; PG&E \$1,200; Garbage \$650; Medical Waste Disposal \$150					
Telephone/Communications	\$ 750.00	12		Internet/Cable \$600; VoIP \$150					
Equipment Lease	\$ 375.00	12							
Office Supplies	\$ 400.00	12	,	Paper, pencils, pens, binders, etc.					
Medication	\$ 16,000.00	12		, ,					
Medical Supplies	\$ 650.00	12		First aid and nursing supplies					
Hygeine Supplies/Personal Items	\$ 600.00	12		Personal care items for consumers, including shampoo, soap, dental, and other incidentals					
Program/Activity Supplies	\$ 450.00	12	\$ 5,400.00	Journals, art supplies, other group and programmatic materials					
Client Assistance (bus passes, ER/flex funds)	\$ 4,800.00	12	\$ 57,600.00	\$10/client for bus passes and other incidental discharge needs					
Meal Service	\$ 4,500.00	12	\$ 54,000.00	\$2.50/meal, 3 meals/day for 16 clients + 25% overage for clients who stay less than 23 hours					
Janitorial Service	\$ 6,000.00	12	\$ 72,000.00	\$200/day to provide custodial services					
Laundry Service	\$ 4,088.00	12	\$ 49,056.00	Laundry services to ensure adequate supply of towels, sheets, and other linens					
Security Service	\$ 14,600.00	12	\$ 175,200.00	Security services 24/7 at facility entrance					
Recruitment/Preemployment Expenses	\$ 275.00	12	\$ 3,300.00	25% turnover; CPR and background check					
Staff Development and Training	\$ 840.00	12	\$ 10,080.00	\$180/staff/year for CEs + \$6/staff/month for ELearning					
Local Travel	\$ 125.00	12	\$ 1,500.00	Mileage for director/supervisors to attend meetings					
Vehicle Lease	\$ 380.00	12	\$ 4,560.00	This is the cost for 12 months of lease costs for a 10-person transport van (\$380/month)					
Vehicle Insurance	\$ 300.00	12	\$ 3,600.00	This is the cost of 12 months of vehicle insurance coverage (\$300/month)					
Vehicle Gas/Oil/Maintenance	\$ 888.07	12		This is cost for 52 weeks of gasoline(\$80/week) and quarterly vehicle upgrade (\$40/quarterly					
Furniture/Facility Maintenance	\$ 1,200.00	12		Purchase of hospital grade furniture with warranty during start-up					
Insurance	\$ 1,950.00	12		Liability, malpractice, etc.					
Total Operating \$ 889,452.80									
Administrative									
Category	Rate	Base	Annual Cost	Narrative					
Administrative Expenses (ACBHCS)	15%			Calculated at 15% indirect rate					
, and a control control (Aconto)	13/0	÷ -,05-,055.00	~ , 0 <del>-</del> , 100.0-	carcaracca at 1070 man off fute					



Category	Total	Revenue	% of Population	Revenue
Personnel	\$ 3,804,600.80	Medi-Cal (50% FFP)	65%	\$ 1,754,402.53
Operating	\$ 889,452.80	MCE (100%)	25%	\$ 1,349,540.41
Administrative	\$ 704,108.04	Uninsured	10%	\$-
TOTAL	\$ 5,398,161.64	TOTAL		\$ 3,103,942.94



ALCOHOL, DRUG & MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES MANUEL J. JIMÉNEZ JR., MA, MFT, DIRECTOR 2000 Embarcadero Cove, Suite 400 Oakland, California 94606 (510) 567-8100 / TTY (510) 533-5018

#### ATTACHMENT A

#### **APPLICATION CERTIFICATION**

I, Manuel Jimenez, as Director, an authorized officer of Alameda County Behavioral Health Care Services, certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this application is true and correct, and I understand that any misrepresentation or material omissions may result in the cancellation of the Grant and other actions permitted by law and the Grant Agreement.

Alameda County Behavioral Health Care Services will cooperate in providing information and/or documentation, including at the time of site visits, to assist the Authority in consideration of the Application.

Manuel Jimenez

By (Print Name)

Signature

Director

March 7, 2016

#### ATTACHMENT B

#### LEGAL STATUS QUESTIONNAIRE FOR COUNTIES AND PUBLIC AGENCIES

#### 1. Financial Viability

Disclose any legal or regulatory action or investigation that may have a material impact on the financial viability of the Project or the county/public agency. The disclosure should be limited to actions or investigations in which the county/public agency has been named a party.

Response: None

#### 2. Fraud, Corruption, or Serious Harm

Disclose any legal or regulatory action or investigation involving fraud or corruption, or health and safety where there are allegations of serious harm to employees, the public, or the environment. The disclosure should be limited to actions or investigations pertaining to mental health services and in which the county/public agency or the county's/ public agency's officer or personnel has been named a defendant within the past ten years.

Response: None

Disclosures should include civil or criminal cases filed in state or federal court; civil or criminal investigations by local, state, or federal law enforcement authorities; and enforcement proceedings or investigations by local, state or federal regulatory agencies. The information provided must include relevant dates, the nature of the allegation(s), complaint or filing, and the outcome.

#### ATTACHMENT D

#### CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA) REVIEW

*Instructions: Please provide the following exhibit for each Project site. This can be completed within nine months of award, if not available at time of Application.* 

Grantees must submit documentation demonstrating compliance with Division 13 commencing with Section 21000 of the Public Resources Code (CEQA Requirements) for construction Projects.

If the Project is subject to CEQA Requirements, provide the appropriate documentation or justification for each Project:

- Notice of Determination Received (Attach Copy)
- Notice of Exemption Received (Attach Copy)
- Other documents evidencing compliance (e.g. permits, local authority approval documents, printed authorizations, OSHPD Plan Review status, etc.)
- Project is considered a Special Situation (see Title 14 California Code of Regulations, Sections 15180-15190) (Provide written justification of compliance with applicable section.)

Name of approving Agency:

Date approval given: To be obtained upon site control

If Project is not subject to CEQA Requirements, provide a written justification using one of the following categories:

- ☐ Is not a Project as defined by CEQA Requirements (see Title 14 California Code of Regulations, Section 15378)
- Project is Statutorily Exempt (see Title 14 California Code of Regulations, Sections 15260-15285)
- Project is Categorically Exempt (see Title 14 California Code of Regulations, Sections 15300-15333)

# ALIFORNIA

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Primary Government	Component Unit Alameda Health		
	Activities	System		
ASSETS				
Current assets:	\$ 1,543,349	\$ 14,744		
Cash and investments with County Treasurer Cash and investments with fiscal agents	303,506	-		
Restricted cash	-	1,106		
Deposits with others	5,401	15,808		
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	396,351 13,801	281,722		
Due from component unit	13,001	14,034		
Due from primary government Advance to component unit	962	-		
Inventory of supplies	338	8,656		
Prepaid items	5,240	2,456		
Total current assets	2,268,948	330,320		
Noncurrent assets:	48,192			
Restricted assets - cash and investments with County Treasurer	261,912	-		
Restricted assets - cash and investments with fiscal agents Properties held for resale	1,084	-		
Due from component unit, net of allowance	138,783	-		
Advance to component unit	2,049	-		
Loans receivable	11,594	-		
Capital assets:	C10 100	26,005		
Land and other assets not being depreciated	546,496	20,000		
Structures and improvements, machinery and equipment,	931,491	61,022		
infrastructure, net of depreciation Total capital assets, net	1,477,987	87,027		
Total noncurrent assets	1,941,601	87,027		
Total assets	4,210,549	425,553		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Loss on refunding debt	3,292	-		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:		107 107		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	213,898	167,197		
Due to component unit	14,034	13.801		
Due to primary government	41,641	14,484		
Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	25,476	5,562		
Certificates of participation and bonds payable	100,082	-		
Lease obligations	187	-		
Loans and commercial paper notes	43,619	-		
Accrued interest payable	5,100 27,576	-		
Unearned revenue	-	962		
Advance from primary government Obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit	3,780	-		
Total current liabilities	475,393	202,006		
Noncurrent liabilities:	05 240	8,057		
Net pension obligation	95,240 177,495	50,738		
Net OPEB obligation	23,902	9,758		
Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	79,771	20,459		
Certificates of participation and bonds payable	1,365,452	-		
Lease obligations	3,784			
Loans and notes payable	7,987	169,783		
Due to primary government	-	2,049		
Advance from primary government Obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit	49,445	-		
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,803,076	260,844		
Total liabilities	2,278,469	462,850		
NET POSITION	2,014,22023	01.040		
Net investment in capital assets	619,242	84,016		
Restricted:	354,567			
Public protection	11,334	-		
Public assistance Health and sanitation	156,889	-		
Public ways and facilities	81,469	-		
Education	12,907	24,199		
Other purposes	13,087 685,877	(145,512)		
Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ 1,935,372	\$ (37,297)		
Total net position				

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		(amounts ex	pressed in thou	sands)		Net (Expense) Changes in N	let Pos	
			Program Reven	les	Primar	y Government	00	Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Gov	vernmental		lameda Health System
Primary government:								
Governmental activities: General government Public protection Public assistance Health and sanitation Public ways and facilities Recreation and cultural services Education Other functions Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities Total primary government	\$ 162,720 816,218 672,473 700,454 43,970 539 27,202 88,808 2,512,384 \$ 2,512,384	\$ 127,863 209,420 8,473 211,742 11,323 147 2,994 100 572,062 \$ 572,062	\$ 194,201 288,696 621,692 307,968 45,207 - 2,134 - 1,459,898 \$ 1,459,898 \$ 16	\$ 73 607 - 8,057 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	159,417 (317,495) (42,308) (172,687) 12,560 (392) (22,074) 100 (88,808) (471,687) (471,687)	\$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Alameda Health System	Other taxes Interest and in Other Total general re Change in net	s shared revenue westment incon venues position beginning of po	es me	<u> </u>	\$	431,923 54,939 31,312 8,506 26,233 552,913 81,226 1,854,146 1,935,372	\$	95,071 35 80,585 175,691 (38,297) 1,000 (37,297)

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General		roperty elopment	Flood Control	Capital Projects	5	Debt Service		on-major vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:		•	47.057	\$ 176.858	\$	¢	45.084	\$	169,732	s	1,381,922
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	\$ 972,591	\$	17,657 303,506	\$ 170,000	φ -	φ	40,004	Ψ		÷	303,506
Cash and investments with fiscal agents Restricted assets - cash and investments	-		000,000								
with County Treasurer	-			-	48,192		-		-		48,192
Restricted assets - cash and investments											
with fiscal agents	3,682			-	142,683		94,087		21,460		261,912
Deposits with others	1,548		-	-	-		-		3,853		5,401
Receivables, net of allowance for			2223						24.009		393,956
uncollectible accounts	365,363		34	4,517	33		-		24,009		48,905
Due from other funds	48,905		-	-	-		11.612				152,109
Due from component unit, net of allowance	140,497		-	-	-		3,011		_		3,011
Advance to component unit	-		-	-	-		5,011		332		332
Inventory of supplies	255		829	-	-		-		-		1,084
Properties held for resale	255		025		-		-		234		234
Prepaid items Loans receivable	7,738		3,856	-	-		-		-		11,594
Total assets	\$ 1,540,579	s	325,882	\$ 181,375	\$ 190,908	\$	153,794	\$	219,620	\$	2,612,158
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and Liabilities:		s	25	\$ 4,775	\$ 13,170	\$	-	\$	12,628	\$	202,539
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 171,941	φ	25	\$ 4,115	46,987	Ŷ			656		47,643
Due to other funds	13,995		_	-	-		-		17		14,012
Due to component unit Unearned revenue	26,400		-	-	-		-	-	1,176		27,576
	212,336		25	4,775	60,157	_	-	_	14,477		291,770
Total liabilities	212,000		20			-					
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue	32,907			146			3,011		6,860		42,924
Unavaliable revenue	02,007										
Fund balances (deficit):	11 107			0.54			_		566		12,053
Nonspendable	11,487		-	176,454	190,875		150,783		192,009		1,002,953
Restricted	292,832 838,833		325,857	170,404	100,010						1,164,690
Committed	144,224		323,007		_		-		5,708		149,932
Assigned	7,960			-	(60,124)		-		-		(52,164)
Unassigned Total fund balances	1,295,336		325,857	176,454	130,751		150,783		198,283		2,277,464
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 1,540,579	\$	325,882	\$ 181,375	\$ 190,908	\$	153,794	\$	219,620	\$	2,612,158

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 2,277,464
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,460,053
The unamortized balance of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the deferred refunding losses.	3,292
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities (except those reported in the internal service	
funds) are as follows: Certificates of participation and bonds payable Compensated employee absences payable Lease obligations Loans and note payable Other liabilities Total long-term liabilities	 (1,465,534) (62,058) (3,971) (51,606) (53,225) (1,636,394)
The net OPEB obligation pertaining to governmental fund types is not recorded in the governmental fund statements.	(177,495)
The net pension obligation pertaining to governmental fund types is not recorded in the governmental fund statements.	(95,240)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	42,924
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due.	(5,100)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, building maintenance, communications, information technology, and risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 65,868
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,935,372

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General	Property Development	Flood Control	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:							6 540 700
Taxes	\$ 418,683	\$-	\$ 31,669	\$ -	\$-	\$ 68,381	\$ 518,733 14,465
Licenses and permits	7,784	-	5,496	-	-	1,185	36,727
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	31,941	-	-	3,936	-	850	19,469
Use of money and property	10,091	3,322	1,555	(131)	758	3,874	
State aid	940,400	-	1,360	-	-	41,316	983,076
Federal aid	432,832	-	567	66	8,057	4,588	446,110 39,520
Other aid	29,234	-	4,352	55	-	5,879	411,647
Charges for services	263,875	-	13,027	-	25,358	109,387	
Other revenue	40,491	3,555	375	3,573	1,082	61,013	110,089
Total revenues	2,175,331	6,877	58,401	7,499	35,255	296,473	2,579,836
Expenditures:							
Current	100 100	750				88	127,304
General government	126,466	750	62,252			128,904	806,129
Public protection	614,973	-	02,252			6,179	670,945
Public assistance	664,766 626,097	-		-		66,452	692,549
Health and sanitation	2,411			-	-	42,358	44,769
Public ways and facilities	580			-	-	-	580
Recreation and cultural services Education	251			-	-	26,067	26,318
Debt service							54.040
Principal	-	-	-	-	46,908	4,140	51,048
Interest	-	-	-	-	98,571	9,693	108,264
Bond issuance costs	1,749	-	-	-	-	-	1,749 188,821
Capital outlay	2,001	-		186,820			100,021
Total expenditures	2,039,294	750	62,252	186,820	145,479	283,881	2,718,476
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	100.007	0 407	(2.054)	(170 221)	(110.224)	12,592	(138,640)
over expenditures	136,037	6,127	(3,851)	(179,321)	(110,224)	12,552	(130,040)
Other financing sources (uses):				11,355	7,245		18,600
Issuance of loans and commercial paper notes	-	-	-	234,977	50,645	_	287,380
Issuance of bonds	1,758	-	-	13,106	50,045		13,106
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	15 252	-	13,100			15,352
Proceeds from sale of land	2 660	15,352	-	5,961	128,128	4,826	141,575
Transfers in	2,660	(10,388		(25,509)	120,120	(2,645)	(134,362)
Transfers out	(95,820)						
Total other financing sources (uses)	(91,402)	4,964		239,890	186,018	2,181	341,651
Net change in fund balances	44,635	11,091	(3,851)		75,794	14,773	203,011
Fund balances - beginning of period	1,250,701	314,766	-	70,182	74,989	183,510	2,074,453 \$ 2,277,464
Fund balances - end of period	\$ 1,295,336	\$ 325,857	\$ 176,454	\$ 130,751	\$150,783	\$ 198,283	\$ 2,211,404

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 203,011
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Some revenues will not be collected within the availability period established for governmental funds. As a result, they are not considered as available revenues in the governmental funds and are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	(3,525)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Increase in net pension obligation Decrease in postemployment medical benefits obligation Increase in other postemployment benefits obligation Increase in compensated absences Decrease in obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit Total	(54,890) 26,575 (9,193) (2,208) 3,670 (36,046)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The statement of activities reports the gain or loss on disposal of capital assets but the governmental funds do not report any gain or loss. Governmental funds do not report capital assets; hence, capital assets transferred to and from governmental fund to the proprietary fund are not recorded in the governmental fund. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Net loss on disposal of capital assets Total	205,434 (51,542) (348) 153,544
The change in net position of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	5,576
Loan and commercial paper issuance proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds, but increase liabilities in the statement of net position.	(18,600)
Net increase in accrued interest increases the liability in the statement of net position but is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds when paid.	(1,027)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term bonds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds, but increase liabilities in the statement of net position.	(287,380)
Bond premiums are recognized in the governmental funds when the bonds are issued, and are deferred and amortized in the statement of net position.	(13,106)
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt, capital leases, and loans consume the current financial resources of governmental funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net position. Principal payment on long-term debt Accumulated accretion paid on capital appreciation bonds Principal payment on capital leases, loans, and commercial paper notes Total	51,048 54,872 <u>5,693</u> 111,613
Interest accreted on bonds and certificates of participation.	(33,674)
Amortization of bond premiums and bond discounts	1,504
Amortization of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the deferred refunding loss	(664)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 81,226

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Assets:	
Current assets: Cash and investments with County Treasurer Other receivables Due from component unit Inventory of supplies Prepaid items	\$ 161,427 2,395 475 6 5,006
Total current assets	169,309
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation Total assets	17,934 187,243
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies Due to other funds Due to component unit	11,359 2,056 25,476 1,262 22
Total current liabilities	40,175
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	1,429 79,771
Total noncurrent liabilities	81,200
Total liabilities	121,375
Net Position Investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	17,931 47,937 \$ 65,868

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Ac	ernmental tivities - nternal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	212,054
Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits Contractual services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Other supplies and expenses Insurance claims and expenses Depreciation Telephone County indirect costs Dental claims Other		64,482 6,966 12,415 6,656 60,716 25,081 3,962 2,772 8,376 7,916 862
Total operating expenses		200,204
Operating income		11,850
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest and investment loss Gain on sale of capital assets Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		836 96 932
Income before contributions and transfers		12,782
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out Change in net position		7 1,500 (8,713) 5,576 60,292
Total net position - beginning of period Total net position - end of period	\$	65,868

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Ad	vernmental ctivities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Internal activity - receipts from other funds	\$	212,329
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(91,413)
Internal activity - payments to other funds		(64,212) (8,376)
Claims paid		(27,968)
Other receipts (payments), net		(862)
Net cash provided by operating activities		19,498
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Transfers in		1,500
Transfers out		(8,713)
Net cash used in non-capital financing activities		(7,213)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets		(5,815)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		332
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(5,483)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received on pooled cash		836
Net cash provided by investing activities		836
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		7,638
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period		153,789
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$	161,427
Reconciliation of operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	11,850
Adjustments for non-cash activities:		12-12-12-2
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		3,962
Other receivables		075
Inventory of supplies		275
Prepaid items		(6) (579)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(2,551)
Compensated employee absences payable		270
Estimated liability for claims and contingencies		5,029
Due to other funds		1,251
Due to component unit		(3)
Total adjustments		7,648
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	19,498

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Pension, OPEB, <sup>1</sup> and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds	Investment Trust Fund	Private- Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets:		A 500 050	e 04.000	E 212 044
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	\$ 2,708	\$ 1,529,358	\$ 31,633	\$ 213,944
Investments, at fair value:	132,890		8,586	<u>.</u>
Short-term investments	1,572,562	-	0,000	-
Domestic equities	832,051	-	-	-
Domestic equity commingled funds International equities	1,575,853		-	
International equities	417,974	-	-	-
Domestic fixed income	704,814	-	-	-
International fixed income	148,571	-	<u> </u>	-
International fixed income commingled funds	107,725			
Real estate - separate properties	82,492	-	-	-
Real estate - commingled funds	339,035	-	-	-
Real return pool	255,245	-	-	-
Private equity and alternatives	442,782			
Total investments	6,611,994	-	8,586	
Investment of securities lending collateral	337,579	-	÷	-
Deposits with others	607	-	-	-
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	182,120
Other receivables	37,197	-		-
Interest receivable	8,275	1,594	29	128
Properties held for redevelopment	-	-	11,279	-
Prepaid items	-	4,069	-	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,524		2,670	
Total assets	7,002,884	1,535,021	54,197	396,192
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	23,141	53,076	-	4,283
Accrued interest payable	-	-	556	-
Securities lending obligation	337,579	·	-	-
Due to other governmental units	-	-	9,727	391,909
Bonds payable	-	-	29,965	-
Total liabilities	360,720	53,076	40,248	396,192
Net Position				
Restricted for pension benefits	5,988,805	-	-	-
Restricted for postemployment medical benefits	624,620	-	-	-
Restricted for other postemployment benefits	26,870	-	-	-
Restricted for other employee benefits	1,869	-		-
Restricted for other purposes	-	1,481,945	13,949	-
Total net position	\$ 6,642,164	\$ 1,481,945	\$ 13,949	\$ -

<sup>1</sup> Pension and OPEB balances reported as of December 31, 2013.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Additions:	Pension, OPEB, <sup>1</sup> and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds	Investment Trust Fund	Private- Purpose Trust Fund
Contributions:			
Employees	\$ 80,583	\$ -	\$-
Employer	191,180	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Contributions on pooled investments	-	6,673,415	-
Total contributions	271,763	6,673,415	-
Investment income:			100
Interest	38,957	4,081	188
Dividends	60,400	-	-
Net increase in fair value of investments	1,029,649	5,355	82
Real estate	21,724	-	-
Securities lending income	2,461	-	
Total investment income	1,153,191	9,436	270
Less investment expenses:			
Investment expenses	37,499	-	-
Securities lending borrower rebates and			
management fees	569	-	-
Real estate	5,354	-	-
Total investment expenses	43,422	-	-
Net investment income	1,109,769	9,436	270
Other Income:	t.		
Redevelopment property tax revenue	-	-	10,171
Miscellaneous income	161	-	9,638
Total other income	161	-	19,809
Total additions, net	1,381,693	6,682,851	20,079
Deductions:			
Benefit payments	388,752	-	
Refunds of contributions	6,319	-	-
Administration expenses	14,728		-
Distribution from pooled investments	-	6,850,147	8,620
General and administrative expenses	-	·	3,648
Project expenses	-	-	1,129
Depreciation	-		62
Transfers to taxing entities			4,819
Contribution to other agencies	-	-	647
Interest on debt	-	-	1,405
Total deductions	409,799	6,850,147	20,330
Change in net position	971,894	(167,296)	(251)
Net position - beginning of period	5,670,270	1,649,241	14,200
Net position - end of period	\$ 6,642,164	\$ 1,481,945	\$ 13,949

<sup>1</sup> Pension and OPEB balances reported as of December 31, 2013.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Primary Government	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Alameda County Medical Center		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	\$ 1,475,245	\$ 45,227		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	390,118	72		
Restricted cash	4,658	4,937		
Deposits with others Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	396,843	253,529		
Due from component unit	1,780			
Due from primary government	-	7,144		
Advance to component unit	923			
Inventory of supplies	266	4,107		
Prepaid items	4,633	1,326		
Total current assets	2,274,466	316,342		
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets - cash and investments with fiscal agents	152,408	-		
Properties held for resale	7,983			
Due from component unit, net of allowance	90,792 3,011	-		
Advance to component unit Loans receivable	6,594			
	0,004			
Capital assets:	447.005	17 570		
Land and other assets not being depreciated	417,895	17,570		
Structures and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, net of depreciation	904,934	49,663		
Total capital assets, net	1,322,829	67,233		
Total noncurrent assets	1,583,617	67,233		
Total assets	3,858,083	383,575		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Loss on refunding debt	3,959	· -		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	219,926	161,302		
Due to component unit	7,144	-		
Due to primary government		1,780		
Compensated employee absences payable	38,354	9,696		
Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	24,591	5,725		
Certificates of participation and bonds payable	102,841	-		
Lease obligations	179	-		
Loans and commercial paper notes	28,989	-		
Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue	4,073 39.880			
Advance from primary government	39,000	923		
Obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit	3,670	525		
Total current liabilities	469,647	179,426		
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net pension obligation	40,350	8,263		
Net OPEB obligation	194,877	41,392		
Compensated employee absences payable	24,711	8,339		
Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	75,627	20,352		
Certificates of participation and bonds payable	1,135,957	-		
Lease obligations	3,971	-		
Loans and notes payable	9,531	121,792		
Due to primary government Advance from primary government	-	3,011		
Obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit	53,225			
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,538,249	203,149		
Total liabilities	2,007,896	382,575		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	620,302	63,278		
Restricted:				
Public protection	358,967			
Public assistance	17,139	-		
Health and sanitation	173,526			
Public ways and facilities	65,608			
Education	14,225			
Other purposes	25,916	23,604		
Unrestricted (deficit)	578,463 \$ 1,854,146	(85,882) \$ 1,000		
Total net position	\$ 1,854,146	\$ 1,000		

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		(amounts e	xpressed in thou	sands)		Net (Expense) Changes in M	Net Pos	ition
			Program Reven		Primary	Government		mponent Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		ernmental ctivities	C N	lameda County Aedical Center
Primary government:								
Governmental activities: General government Public protection Public assistance	\$ 138,512 780,729 664,085	\$ 122,756 206,366 8,734	\$ 192,657 296,478 587,913	\$- - -	\$	176,901 (277,885) (67,438)	\$	-
Health and sanitation Public ways and facilities Recreation and cultural services	697,402 44,269 554	176,875 9,869 136	371,136 31,516	8,305 - -		(141,086) (2,884) (418)		-
Education Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	27,125 82,957 2,435,633	2,425 - 527,161	2,957 - 1,482,657	8,305		(21,743) (82,957) (417,510)		
Total primary government	\$ 2,435,633	\$ 527,161	\$ 1,482,657	\$ 8,305	1	(417,510)		-
Alameda County Medical Center	\$ 598,399	\$ 484,310	\$ 16	\$ -		<u> </u>		(114,073)
	General revenue Property taxes Sales taxes - Other taxes		es			444,147 52,749 29,984		89,277
		nvestment incor	ne			22 40,318 567,220		449 43,227 132,953
	Change in nel					149,710		18,880
	Net position -	beginning of pe	eriod, as previousl in accounting prin	y reported ciples		1,725,062 (20,626)		(17,880)
			eriod, as restated	n m ≢un han vite		1,704,436		(17,880)
	Net position -	end of period			\$	1,854,146	\$	1,000

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General	Property Development	Flood Control	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:		2	10			G	
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	\$ 937,271	\$ 30,298	\$ 176,685	\$ 3,667	\$ 21,854	\$ 151,681	\$ 1,321,456
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	279,792	-	110,326	-	-	390,118
Restricted assets - cash and investments							
with fiscal agents	3,684	-	-	74,173	53,126	21,425	152,408
Deposits with others	1,016	-	-	-	-	3,642	4,658
Receivables, net of allowance for							
uncollectible accounts	353,827	22	9,007	1,216	9	29,928	394,009
Due from other funds	116,414	-	-	-	-	-	116,414
Due from component unit, net of allowance	92,261		-	-	-	-	92,261
Advance to component unit		-	-	-	3,934	-	3,934
Inventory of supplies	-	-	-	-	-	266	266
Properties held for resale	255	829		6,899	-	-	7,983
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	206	206
Loans receivable	2,738	3,856	-	2	-	-	6,594
Total assets	\$ 1,507,466	\$ 314,797	\$ 185,692	\$ 196,281	\$ 78,923	\$ 207,148	\$ 2,490,307
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenditures Due to other funds Due to component unit Unearned revenue	\$ 178,952 - 7,036 	\$ 31 - -	\$ 5,205 - -	\$ 10,384 115,715 -	\$ - - -	\$ 11,444 688 83 1,101	\$ 206,016 116,403 7,119 39,880
Total liabilities	224,767	31	5,205	126,099	-	13,316	369,418
Deferred inflows of resources							
Deferred revenue	31,998	-	182		3,934	10,322	46,436
Fund balances (deficit):							
Nonspendable	3,785	2	-	-	<u>_</u>	472	4,257
Restricted	294,844	-	180,305	73,108	74,989	177,745	800,991
Committed	806,176	314,766	-			-	1,120,942
Assigned	128,177	-	-	_	-	5,293	133,470
Unassigned	17,719	-	-	(2,926)	_	0,200	14,793
Total fund balances	1.250,701	314,766	180,305	70,182	74,989	183,510	2,074,453
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources.							
and fund balances	\$ 1,507,466	\$ 314,797	\$ 185,692	\$ 196,281	\$ 78,923	\$ 207,148	\$ 2,490,307
	\$1,007,400	v 014,797	\$ 100,092	ψ 100,201	φ 10,923	φ 201,140	φ 2,490,307

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 2,074,453
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,306,519
The unamortized balance of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the deferred refunding losses.	3,959
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities (except those reported in the internal service	
funds) are as follows: Certificates of participation and bonds payable Compensated employee absences payable Lease obligations Loans and note payable Other liabilities Total long-term liabilities	 (1,238,798) (59,850) (4,150) (38,520) (56,895) (1,398,213)
The net OPEB obligation pertaining to governmental fund types is not recorded in governmental fund statements.	(194,877)
The net pension obligation pertaining to governmental fund types is not recorded in the governmental fund statements.	(40,350)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	46,436
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due.	(4,073)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, building maintenance, communications, information technology, and risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 60,292
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,854,146

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General	Property Development	Flood Control	Grant Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						s -	¢ 70.090	\$ 527,025
Taxes	\$ 424,010	\$ -	\$ 32,926	\$ -	\$-	5 -	\$ 70,089 1,543	\$ 527,025 15,006
Licenses and permits	7,840	-	5,623	-	5.040	-	1,543	38,745
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	32,756	-	-	-	5,049 845	500	2,445	8,391
Use of money and property	1,927	2,418	256	2	840	500	29,286	946,878
State aid	910,249	-	7,343 119		32	8,305	12,090	506,611
Federal aid	486,065	-	3,799		8,840	8,305	5,676	44,730
Other aid	26,415	-	12,572	-	0,040	24,389	102,057	430,141
Charges for services	291,123	4 420	233	-	1,251	1,079	50,468	104,976
Other revenue	50,515	1,430	233		1,201	1,079	50,400	104,970
Total revenues	2,230,900	3,848	62,871		16,017	34,273	274,594	2,622,503
Expenditures:								
Current							221	10.000
General government	128,187	1,126	-	-	-	-	81	129,394
Public protection	585,444	-	45,624	-	-	-	131,438	762,506
Public assistance	638,451	-	-	-	-	-	18,818	657,269
Health and sanitation	636,488	-	-	-	-	-	53,808	690,296
Public ways and facilities	1,878	-	-	-		-	50,950	52,828
Recreation and cultural services	610	-	-	-	-	-	-	610
Education	252	-	-	-	-	-	25,884	26,136
Debt service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	47,190	10,505	57,695
Interest	-	-	-	-		85,820	10,278	96,098
Bond issuance costs	6		-	-		-	-	6
Capital outlay	1,456		-		99,104			100,560
Total expenditures	1,992,772	1,126	45,624	<u> </u>	99,104	133,010	301,762	2,573,398
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	238,128	2,722	17,247	<u> </u>	(83,087)	(98,737)	(27,168)	49,105
Other financing sources (uses):								
Issuance of loans and commercial paper	279	-	-	-	2,500	-	-	2,779
Proceeds from sale of land	-	4,914	-	-	-	-	-	4,914
Transfers in	2,787	-		9,268	5,798	83,565	2,095	103,513
Transfers out	(73,357)	(10,330)			(8,763)	(6)	(2,187)	(94,643)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(70,291)	(5,416)		9,268	(465)	83,559	(92)	16,563
Net change in fund balances	167,837	(2,694)	17,247	9,268	(83,552)	(15,178)	(27,260)	65,668
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning of period	1,082,864	317,460	163,058	(9,268)	153,734	90,167	210,770	2,008,785
Fund balances (deficit) - end of period	\$ 1,250,701	\$ 314,766	\$ 180,305	\$ -	\$ 70,182	\$ 74,989	\$ 183,510	\$ 2,074,453

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$	65,668
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Some revenues will not be collected within the accrual period established for governmental funds. As a result, they are not considered as available revenues in the governmental funds and are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	2	(42,844)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in net pension obligation Increase in postemployment medical benefits obligation Increase in other postemployment benefits obligation Decrease in compensated absences Decrease in obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit Total		901 (29,910) (11,911) 2,225 4,513 (34,182)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The statement of activities reports the gain or loss on disposal of capital assets but the governmental funds do not report any gain or loss. Governmental funds do not report capital assets; hence, capital assets transferred to and from governmental fund to the proprietary fund are not recorded in the governmental fund. Capital outlay Return of properties from Redevelopment Successor Agencies Depreciation expense Proceeds from sale of capital assets Net loss on disposal of capital assets Total		132,042 2,707 (50,258) (111) (242) 84,138
The net income of activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		5,502
Loan and commercial paper issuance proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds, but increase liabilities in the statement of net position.		(2,779)
Net decrease in accrued interest decreases the liability in the statement of net position but is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds when paid.		155
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt, capital leases, and loans and the current refunding of debt consume the current financial resources of governmental funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net position. Principal payment on long-term debt Accumulated accretion paid on capital appreciation bonds Principal payment on capital leases and loans Total	_	57,695 50,869 1,706 110,270
Interest accreted on bonds and certificates payable.		(36,615)
Amortization of bond premiums and bond discounts		1,061
Amortization of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the deferred refunding loss		(664)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	149,710

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
Assets:	T unus			
Current assets: Cash and investments with County Treasurer Other receivables Due from component unit Prepaid items	\$ 153,789 2,834 311 4,427			
Total current assets	161,361			
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation Total assets				
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies Due to other funds Due to component unit	13,910 1,886 24,591 11 25			
Total current liabilities	40,423			
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	1,329 75,627			
Total noncurrent liabilities	76,956			
Total liabilities	117,379			
Net Position Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	16,310 43,982			
Total net position	\$ 60,292			

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

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	Ac	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds					
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	205,271					
Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits Contractual services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Other supplies and expenses Insurance claims and expenses Depreciation Telephone County indirect costs Dental claims Other		60,399 8,302 11,097 5,640 56,907 25,483 3,298 3,194 7,706 7,947 718					
Total operating expenses		190,691					
Operating income		14,580					
Non-operating revenues (expenses): Interest and investment loss Gain on sale of capital assets Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(302) 94 (208)					
Income before transfers		14,372					
Transfers in Transfers out Change in net position		603 (9,473) 5,502					
Total net position - beginning of period		54,790					
Total net position - end of period	S	60,292					

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

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*1	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
Cash flows from operating activities: Internal activity - receipts from other funds Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Internal activity - payments to other funds Claims paid Other receipts (payments) Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	204,291 (80,602) (60,319) (7,706) (31,183) (718) 23,763			
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: Transfers in Transfers out Net cash used in non-capital financing activities		603 (9,473) (8,870)			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(8,889) 327 (8,562)			
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest paid on negative pooled cash Net cash used in investing activities		(302) (302)			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$	6,029 147,760 153,789			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments for non-cash activities:	\$	14,580			
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: Other receivables		3,298			
Inventory of supplies Prepaid items		(980) 95 (48)			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies Due to other funds		4,527 80 2,247 11			
Due to component unit Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(47) 9,183 23,763			

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		sion, OPEB, <sup>1</sup> and Other loyee Benefits rust Funds	1	Investment Trust Fund		Private- Purpose Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets: Cash and investments with County Treasurer	s	0.405		1 000 500	•	07 500	~	
Investments, at fair value:	Ф	2,465	\$	1,696,536	\$	27,532	\$	185,185
Short-term investments		180,854		_		14,360		
Domestic equities		1,147,608				14,300		-
Domestic equity commingled funds		878,943						-
International equities		1,290,786		-		_		_
International equity commingled funds		276,394				-		
Domestic fixed income		666,109		-		-		-
International fixed income		282,927		-		-		-
Real estate - separate properties		78,503		5 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
Real estate - commingled funds		216,126		-		-		-
Real Return Pool		279,421		-		-		-
Private equity and alternatives		357,878						
Total investments		5,655,549		-		14,360		-
Investment of securities lending collateral		257,433		-		-		-
Deposits with others		567		-		-		-
Taxes receivable		-		-				201,610
Other receivables		54,225		-		1,798		-
Interest receivable		8,977		1,345		17		110
Properties held for redevelopment		-		-		11,279		
Prepaid items		-		3,959		-		9,785
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		5,563		-		2,732		-
Total assets		5,984,779		1,701,840		57,718		396,690
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		57,076		52,599		-		6,111
Accrued interest payable		-		-		569		-
Securities lending obligation		257,433		-				20
Due to other governmental units		-		-		10,890		390,579
Notes payable		-				1,322		-
Bonds payable		-				30,737		-
Total liabilities		314,509		52,599		43,518		396,690
Net Position								
Restricted for pension		5,085,161		2		2.0		
Restricted for postemployment medical benefits		518,687				-		-
Restricted for other postemployment benefits		64,356		-		-		-
Restricted for other employee benefits		2,066		-		-		-
Restricted for other purposes		2,000		1,649,241		-		-
Total net position	\$	5 670 270	\$		-	14,200	-	-
	\$	5,670,270	¢	1,649,241	\$	14,200	\$	-

<sup>1</sup> Pension and OPEB balances reported as of December 31, 2012.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Pension and Emp Benef Fu	т	stment rust und	Private- Purpose Trust Fund		
Additions:						
Contributions:					1221	
Employees	\$	83,026	\$	-	\$	-
Employer		179,649		-		-
Contributions on pooled investments		-		5,981,733		-
Total contributions		262,675	(	6,981,733		-
Investment income (loss):						470
Interest		51,570		3,936		172
Dividends		62,284		-		-
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		614,690		(6,822)		(117)
Real estate		19,544				-
Securities lending income		3,016		-		55
Total investment income (loss)		751,104		(2,886)		55
Less investment expenses:		31,745				
Investment expenses		51,745		-		
Securities lending borrower rebates and		775		-		-
management fees Real estate		6,718		-		-
		39,238				-
Total investment expenses		711,866		(2,886)		55
Net investment income (loss)		711,000		(2,000)		
Other Income:						15,376
Redevelopment property tax revenue		912		-		7,234
Miscellaneous income						22,610
Total other income	-	912		- 070.047		22,665
Total additions, net		975,453		6,978,847		22,005
Deductions:						
Benefit payments		361,252		-		-
Refunds of contributions		5,893		-		-
Administration expenses		14,098		-		-
Distribution from pooled investments		-		6,840,198		6,335
General and administrative expenses		-		-		5,188
Project expenses		-		-		5,476
Depreciation		-		-		62
Transfers to taxing entities		-		-		13,687
Contribution to other agencies		-				12,920 2,707
Return of properties				-		2,033
Interest on debt		-				
Total deductions		381,243		6,840,198		48,408
Change in net position		594,210		138,649		(25,743) 40,700
Net position - beginning of period, as reported		5,076,060		1,510,592		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principles		- 070 000		1 510 500		(757)
Net position - beginning of period, as restated		5,076,060		1,510,592	¢	39,943
Net position - end of period	\$	5,670,270	\$	1,649,241	\$	14,200

<sup>1</sup> Pension and OPEB balances reported as of December 31, 2012.

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

#### JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

(amounts expressed in th	ousands)	Component
	Primary Government Governmental	Unit Alameda County Medical
ASSETS	Activities	Center
Current assets:		
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	\$ 1,339,311	\$ 43,074
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	407,562	-
Restricted cash		318
Deposits with others	3,749	1,835
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	337,989	174,052
Due from component unit	2,145	( <del></del> )
Due from primary government	-	11,419
Advance to component unit	885	-
Inventory of supplies	276	4,033
Prepaid items Loans receivable	4,534	1,892
Total current assets	13,400 2,109,851	236,623
Noncurrent assets:	2,109,651	230,023
Restricted assets - cash and investments with County Treasurer	67,374	
Restricted assets - cash and investments with fiscal agents	160.060	
Unamortized bond issuance cost	18,062	
Properties held for resale	7,983	-
Due from component unit, net of allowance	96,721	-
Advance to component unit	3,934	
Loans receivable	6,194	-
Capital assets:		
Land and other assets not being depreciated	349,929	19,708
Structures and improvements, machinery and equipment,		
infrastructure, net of depreciation	883,404	29,449
Total capital assets, net	1,233,333	49,157
Total noncurrent assets	1,593,661	49,157
Total assets	3,703,512	285,780
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	188,968	88,908
Due to component unit	4,254	-
Due to primary government	-	2,145
Compensated employee absences payable	39,213	9,214
Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	24,178	5,411
Certificates of participation and bonds payable	98,274	-
Lease obligations	207	-
Loans and notes payable	26,410	-
Accrued interest payable	4,225	-
Unearned revenue	15,886	
Advance from primary government	-	885
Obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit Total current liabilities	4,513	
Noncurrent liabilities:	406,128	106,563
Net pension obligation	41,251	8,452
Net OPEB obligation	153,056	31,475
Compensated employee absences payable	25,997	7,764
Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	73,793	17,751
Certificates of participation and bonds payable	1,206,350	-
Lease obligations	4,150	
Loans and notes payable	10,830	
Due to primary government	-	127,721
Advance from primary government	-	3,934
Obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit	56,895	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,572,322	197,097
fotal liabilities	1,978,450	303,660
let Assets		
nvested in capital assets, net of related debt	585,788	44,338
Restricted:		
Public protection	317,034	
Public assistance	30,448	-
Health and sanitation	176,441	
Public ways and facilities	73,190	-
Education Other purposes	13,628	-
Jnrestricted (deficit)	16,438 512,095	23,836
	312.095	(86,054)
Fotal net assets (deficit)	\$ 1,725,062	\$ (17,880)

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

								Ghanges in n	ICL AS	3013
			Prov	gram Reveni	105		Prima	ry Government	Co	mponent Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Ċ	Derating Grants and ntributions		Capital Grants and atributions	Go	overnmental Activities	(	llameda County Medical Center
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:	\$ 129,436	\$ 126,244	s	210,246	\$	-	\$	207.054	\$	-
General government Public protection	5 129,430 766,855	200,720	φ	131,057	φ	870	φ	(434,208)	Ψ	-
Public assistance	682,936	13,499		570,146		-		(99,291)		-
Health and sanitation	649,431	171,185		319,983		8,683		(149,580)		-
Public ways and facilities	45,437	9,964		36,189		-		716		-
Recreation and cultural services	608	148		-		-		(460)		-
Education	24,356	2,967		1,921		65		(19,403)		-
Interest on long-term debt	90,003	-		-		-		(90,003)		-
Total governmental activities	2,389,062	524,727		1,269,542		9,618		(585,175)		-
Total primary government	\$ 2,389,062	\$ 524,727	\$	1,269,542	\$	9,618		(585,175)		
Alameda County Medical Center	\$ 540,500	\$ 454,934	\$	16	\$			-		(85,550)
	General revenue	S:								
	Property taxes							411,821		-
	Sales taxes - s	shared revenue	es					169,375		83,788
	Other taxes							27,948		-
	Interest and in	vestment incor	ne					8,924		417
	Other							50,577		15,564
	Total general rev	/enues						668,645		99,769
	Extraordinary los	SS						(35,335)		-
	Change in net	assets						48,135		14,219
	Net assets (de	ficit) - beginnin	ng of p	period				1,676,927		(32,099)
	Net assets (de	ficit) - end of p	eriod				\$	1,725,062	\$	(17,880)

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

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#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General		Property velopment	Flood Control	Grant Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Non-m Governn Fund	nental	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments with County Treasurer Cash and investments with fiscal agents Restricted assets - cash and investments	\$ 809,111 -	\$	1,521 297,236	\$ 165,706	\$ 104	\$ - 110,326	\$ 37,109	\$ 17	8,000	\$	1,191,551 407,562
with County Treasurer Restricted assets - cash and investments	-		-	-	-	67,374	-				67,374
with fiscal agents	3,730		-	-	-	81,894	53,032	2	1,404		160,060
Deposits with others	629		-	-	-	-	-		3,120		3,749
Receivables, net of allowance for											
uncollectible accounts	284,036		638	1,860	20,676	1,285	26	2	7,889		336,410
Due from other funds	120,173		-	-	-	-	-				120,173
Due from component unit	98,280		-	-	-	-			-		98,280
Advance to component unit	-		-		-	-	4,819		-		4,819
Inventory of supplies Properties held for resale	255		829	1	-	-	-		180		181
Properties neid for resale Prepaid items	255		829	-	-	6,899	-		155		7,983 155
Loans receivable	1,452		17,256	-	886		-		155		19,594
									-		
Total assets	\$ 1,317,666	\$	317,480	\$ 167,567	\$ 21,666	\$ 267,778	\$ 94,986	\$ 23	0,748	\$	2,417,891
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 140,236	\$	20	4,317	\$ 10,718	\$ 13,466	-	\$ 1	0,828	\$	179,585
Due to other funds	-		-	-	18,908	100,578	-		687		120,173
Due to component unit	3,900		-	-	242	-	-		40		4,182
Deferred revenue	77,231		-	192	-	-	4,819		7,038		89,280
Unearned revenue	13,435	_	-		1,066				1,385		15,886
Total liabilities	234,802		20	4,509	30,934	114,044	4,819	1	9,978		409,106
Fund balances (deficit):											
Nonspendable	4,408			-	-	-	-		335		4,743
Restricted	288,068		-	163,058	-	149,268	90,167	20	5,868		896,429
Committed	667,437		317,460	-	-	4,466			-		989,363
Assigned	99,646		-	-	-	-	-		4,567		104,213
Unassigned	23,305		-		(9,268)		-		-		14,037
Total fund balances (deficit)	1,082,864		317,460	163,058	(9,268)	153,734	90,167	21	0,770		2,008,785
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,317,666	\$	317,480	\$ 167,567	\$ 21,666	\$ 267,778	\$ 94,986	\$ 23	0,748	\$	2,417,891

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 2,008,785
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,222,381
Bond issuance costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	18,062
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities (except those reported in the internal service funds) are as follows:	
funds) are as follows: Certificates of participation and bonds payable Compensated employee absences payable Lease obligations Loans and note payable Other liabilities Total long-term liabilities	 (1,304,624) (62,075) (4,357) (37,240) (61,408) (1,469,704)
The net OPEB obligation pertaining to governmental fund types is not recorded in governmental fund statements.	(153,056)
The net pension obligation pertaining to governmental fund types is not recorded in governmental fund statements.	(41,251)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current period expenditures. Those assets are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental funds and thus not included in fund balance.	89,280
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due.	(4,225)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management, building maintenance, communications, information technology, and risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	 54,790
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,725,062

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General		perty opment	Flood Control	Grant Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service		lon-major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:								1 (			
Taxes	\$ 497,802	\$		\$ 29,754	\$	- \$ -	\$ 2,075	\$	79,356	\$	608,987
Licenses and permits	7,493		-	4,708	238	3 -	-		1,158		13,597
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	30,082			-		- 4,941	-		1,053		36,076
Use of money and property	9,131		4,458	1,434	(12)	7) 1,006	815		3,785		20,502
State aid	707,385		-	304	17,143	65	-		32,872		757,769
Federal aid	369,434		-	123	77,809		8,683		9,226		465,275
Other aid	48,488		-	5,050		- 3,464	-		4,750		61,752
Charges for services	232,584		-	12,534	111	1 -	23,660		96,652		365,541
Other revenue	38,657		400	382	2,169	9 196	1,079	-	30,666		73,549
Total revenues	1,941,056		4,858	54,289	97,343	9,672	36,312		259,518		2,403,048
Expenditures:											
Current											
General government	124,855		920	-			e		415		126,190
Public protection	540,495		-	64,369	33,286	3 -	-		119,230		757,380
Public assistance	649,011		-	-	37,985	5 -	-		15,118		702,114
Health and sanitation	587,450		-	-	32,622	- 2			24,421		644,493
Public ways and facilities	1,840		-	-			2 <b>-</b>		47,979		49,819
Recreation and cultural services	671		-	-			-		-		671
Education	163		-	-					23,287		23,450
Debt service											
Principal	-		-	-			94,626		3,615		98,241
Interest	-		-	-			37,045		10,450		47,495
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-				82,031		-		82,031
Bond issuance costs	594		1.77				223				817
Capital outlay	4,330		-			- 107,193			-		111,523
Total expenditures	1,909,409		920	64,369	103,893	107,193	213,925		244,515		2,644,224
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures	31,647		3,938	(10,080)	(6,550	0) (97,521	) (177,613)		15,003		(241,176)
Other financing sources (uses):											
Issuance of loans and commercial paper notes			17.0	5 <b>7</b> 0			-		785		785
Issuance of debt	45,675		-	-			-		7.		45,675
Proceeds from sale of land			15,130	-					-		15,130
Refunding bonds issued	641		-	-	-		75,274		-		75,915
Premium on refunding bonds	-		-	-			10,300				10,300
Transfers-in	2,915		-	-	92	2 10,411	76,115		29,833		119,366
Transfers-out	(60,932)	(	10,566)	<u> </u>	(880	<u>))</u>		-	(38,085)	-	(110,463)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,701)		4,564		(788	3) 10,411	161,689		(7,467)		156,708
Extraordinary loss	<u> </u>		-			- (18,119)	(4,527)		(48,716)		(71,362)
Net change in fund balances	19,946		8,502	(10,080)	(7,338	(105,229)	(20,451)		(41,180)		(155,830)
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning of period	1,062,918	3(	08,958	173,138	(1,930	) 258,963	110,618		251,950		2,164,615
Fund balance (deficit) - end of period	\$ 1,082,864	\$ 3	17,460	\$ 163,058	\$ (9,268	\$ 153,734	\$ 90,167	\$	210,770	\$	2,008,785

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$ (155,830)
Some revenues will not be collected within the accrual period established for governmental funds. As a result, they are not considered as available revenues in the governmental funds. This change reflects the increase in the deferred revenue that occurred during the year.	33,523
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Decrease in net pension obligation Increase in postemployment medical benefits obligation Increase in other postemployment benefits obligation Decrease in compensated absences Decrease in obligation to fund Coliseum Authority deficit Total	834 (23,862) (12,726) 1,480 <u>11,042</u> (23,232)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The statement of activities reports the gain or loss on disposal of capital assets but the governmental funds do not report any gain or loss. Governmental funds do not report capital assets; hence, capital assets transferred to and from governmental fund to proprietary fund are not recorded in the governmental fund. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	168,320 (50,716)
Net loss on disposal of capital assets Total	(59)
The net income of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	5,074
Current debt refunding provides current financial resources to governmental funds but has no effect on net assets	(75,915)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt are reported as financing sources in governmental funds, but increase liabilities in the statement of net assets.	(45,675)
Loan proceeds reported as financing sources in governmental funds, but increase liabilities in the statement of net assets.	(785)
Net decrease in accrued interest decreases the liability in the statement of net assets and results in a reduction of expenses in the statement of activities.	662
Bond issuance costs are expended in the governmental funds when paid but are capitalized and amortized in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which amortization expense in the current period exceeded the current year bond issuance costs.	(66)
Bond premiums are recognized in the governmental funds when the bonds are issued, and are deferred and amortized in the statement of net assets.	(10,300)
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt, capital leases, and loans and the current refunding of debt consume the current financial resources of governmental funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Principal payment on long-term debt Payment to escrow for refunded debt Principal payment on capital leases and loans Total	98,241 82,031 26,500 206,772
Interest accreted on bonds and certificates payable.	(39,102)
Amortization of bond premiums, bond discounts and refunding loss.	(563)
The net book value of capital assets and the outstanding debt of the Redevelopment Agencies were written off as a result of state legislation. The statement of activities reports these write-offs as extraordinary item but the governmental funds do not report capital assets and long-term debt.	36,027
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 48,135
	φ <del>1</del> 0,100

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
Assets:		1 41140		
Current assets: Cash and investments with County Treasurer Other receivables Due from component unit Inventory of supplies Prepaid items	\$	147,760 1,579 586 95 4,379		
Total current assets		154,399		
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Structures and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, net of depreciation		10,952		
Total noncurrent assets		10,952		
Total assets		165,351		
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies Due to component unit		9,383 1,825 24,178 72		
Total current liabilities	10	35,458		
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated employee absences payable Estimated liability for claims and contingencies Total noncurrent liabilities		1,310 73,793 75,103		
Total liabilities	-	110,561		
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		10,952 43,838		
Total net assets	\$	54,790		

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds					
Operating revenues: Charges for services	s	200,918				
Total operating revenues						
Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits Contractual services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Other supplies and expenses Insurance claims and expenses Depreciation Telephone County indirect costs Dental claims Other Total operating expenses		200,918 59,943 6,795 11,352 5,727 56,021 26,167 3,487 3,569 6,384 7,812 451 187,708				
Operating income		13,210				
Non-operating revenues: Interest and investment income Gain on sale of capital assets Total non-operating revenues		760 7 767				
Income before transfers		13,977				
Transfers-in Transfers-out Change in net assets Total net assets - beginning of period		130 (9,033) 5,074 49,716				
Total net assets - end of period	\$	54,790				

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	<b>6</b> 001 000
Internal activity - receipts from other funds	\$ 201,686
Payments to suppliers	(84,784)
Payments to employees	(59,973)
Internal activity - payments to other funds	(6,384)
Claims paid	(28,813)
Other receipts (payments) Net cash provided by operating activities	(451) 21,281
Net cash provided by operating activities	21,201
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Transfers-in	130
Transfers-out	(9,033)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(8,903)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets	(2,563)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(2,563) 93
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(2,470)
	(2,470)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	760
Net cash provided by investing activities	760
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	10,668
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	137,092
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 147,760
	• 141,100
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 13,210
Adjustments for non-cash activities:	\$ 15,210
Depreciation	3,487
Changes in assets and liabilities:	5,407
Other receivables	768
Inventory of supplies	(40)
Prepaid items	(42)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,239)
Compensated employee absences payable	(30)
Estimated liability for claims and contingencies	5,166
Total adjustments	8,071
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 21,281

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds	Investment Trust Fund	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
Assets:				
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	\$ 2,198	\$ 1,540,964	\$ 42,936	\$ 174,896
Investments, at fair value:	444.000		10 001	
Short-term investments	144,922	-	19,204	-
Domestic equities	1,194,408	-	-	-
Domestic equity commingled funds	848,614	-	-	-
International equities	987,022		-	-
International equity commingled funds	196,391	-	-	-
Domestic fixed income	774,484	-	-	-
International fixed income	290,971	-	-	-
Real estate - separate properties	96,828	-	-	-
Real estate - commingled funds	223,929	-	-	-
Real Return Pool	108,926	-	-	-
Private equity and alternatives	186,716			
Total investments	5,053,211	-	19,204	
Investment of securities lending collateral	439,350	-	-	· ·
Deposits with others	543		-	-
Taxes receivable	-	-	-	241,294
Other receivables	29,811	-	1,798	
Interest receivable	12,981	1,712	42	131
Unamortized bond issuance cost	-	-	757	-
Properties held for redevelopment	-	-	13,986	-
Prepaid items	-	3,862	-	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,274	-	2,794	<u> </u>
Total assets	5,544,368	1,546,538	81,517	416,321
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	28,958	35,946	1,204	7,513
Securities lending obligation	439,350	-	-	-
Due to other governmental units	-	-	6,812	408,808
Notes payable - noncurrent	-	-	1,322	
Bonds payable - due within one year	-		742	-
Bonds payable - noncurrent	-	-	30,737	-
Total liabilities	468,308	35,946	40,817	416,321
Net Assets				
Held in trust for pension	4,460,031	_	_	
Held in trust for postemployment medical benefits	547,347			
Held in trust for other postemployment benefits	67,020	-		
Held in trust for other employee benefits	1,662	-	-	
Held in trust for other purposes	1,002	1,510,592	40,700	
Total net assets held in trust	\$ 5,076,060	\$ 1,510,592	\$ 40,700	
	- 0,010,000	\$ 1,010,002	\$ 40,100	

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds			Investment Trust Fund		rivate urpose Trust Fund
Additions:						
Contributions:	c	00.007	¢		s	
Employees	\$	82,337 162,879	\$	-	\$	-
Employer		102,079		6,994,963		3,195
Contributions on pooled investments	-	045.046				3,195
Total contributions		245,216		6,994,963		3,195
Investment income:				0.554		140
Interest		64,210		6,551		140
Dividends		59,574		2,194		31
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(155,271) 24,396		2,194		51
Real estate Securities lending income		3,329		-		-
				8,745		171
Total investment income		(3,762)		0,745		
Less investment expenses:		00.400				
Investment expenses		29,166		-		-
Securities lending borrower rebates and		937				-
management fees Real estate		6,829		-		-
	-					
Total investment expenses		36,932		-	_	
Net investment income		(40,694)		8,745		171
Miscellaneous income		664		-		-
Total additions, net		205,186		7,003,708	-	3,366
Deductions:						
Benefit payments		336,081		-		-
Refunds of contributions		5,406		-		-
Administration expenses		13,768		-		6,504
Distribution from pooled investments		-		6,911,346		4,129
Contribution to other agencies		-		-		715
Interest expenses Total deductions		355,255		6,911,346		11,348
Extraordinary gain				-		35,335
Change in net assets		(150,069)		92,362		27,353
		5,226,129		1,418,230		13,347
Net assets - beginning of period	•		6		\$	40,700
Net assets - end of period	\$	5,076,060	\$	1,510,592	\$	40,700